

## **FM04a: Reimbursement**

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**May 20, 2005**

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This product includes software developed by the Apache Software Foundation (<http://www.apache.org/>).

## **1.1. Introduction**

*FM04a: Reimbursement* topic is comprised of three batch processes and two pages. The objective of this topic is to reduce the amount of State funds used towards the cost of ongoing care. Two additional funding sources are available to the State for reimbursement of these costs. These sources are Trust Account money and Federal money. Calculation of how much the State may reimburse itself from these sources will be a monthly process.

The first step in the reimbursement process is to withdraw money from a child's trust account. This is accomplished by the Trust Account draw down batch, which will access those benefits that have been designated by the Trust Account manager as available for State reimbursement. Any money set aside for Personal Needs will automatically not be used towards ongoing care. Other benefits can likewise be indicated as unavailable for State reimbursement. This designation occurs through the Trust Account window (See *FM07: Trust Accounts*). All other benefits will be used towards ongoing care costs. Remaining costs not covered by the trust account is considered to be the non-trust amount. In addition, any overpayments to provider, for which money was taken from the trust account, must have money manually returned to the child's trust account. The Overpayment With Trust Accounts Report is available to assist the Trust Account Manager with this task.

The second step in the reimbursement process is to designate payments as either Federal Financial Participant (FFP) or non-FFP. This determination is based on the Eligibility status determined through either the Eligibility page or the Adoption Eligibility page (See *FM03: Eligibility*). The Eligibility page will display one of four statuses: 1) Eligible and Reimbursable 2) Eligible and Non-Reimbursable, 3) Ineligible or 4) Pending. The Adoption Eligibility page will display one of three statuses: 1) Federal, 2) State or 3) Pending. Because a change in eligibility status may occur mid-month the number of days earmarked for each status must be determined based on the payment begin date and payment end date.

The third step in the reimbursement process is to calculate the percentage of the non-trust amount that may be federally reimbursed. For all providers, the percentage of federally reimbursable cost is based on the percentage stored on the Maintain Title IVE-FFP page (See *FM01: Process Payments*). For Child Caring Institutions (CCI) and Group Homes, the percentage of federally reimbursable cost is based on two percentages. The first percentage is the individual maintenance percentage established for a provider on the Provider's Eligibility Cost page (See *PM02b: Private Provider Case File*). The second percentage is the percentage stored on Maintain Title IVE-FFP page. These two percentages applied to non-trust amount, and result in the portion of payment that is federally reimbursable. For a CCI, the State may also claim Title XIX money. The percentage is applied to State's portion of cost after the above calculation is completed. This percentage is also found on the Provider's Eligibility Cost page.

The results of these calculations may be viewed online for each individual payment can be viewed through the Payment Reimbursement History page. This page includes a break down of the amounts and benefits withdrawn from the trust account. Secondly, a break down of the State and Federal portions are shown. And thirdly, the number of days within each eligibility status is displayed, based on the payment begin date and end date. The Payment Reimbursement History page is accessed from the Payment Download page, where user can retrieve all payments that

meet a specified criterion entered into the page by the user. The IV-E reimbursement claiming will occur quarterly, using both the Benefits Payments report and the Case Counts report.

## 1.2. Pages

### 1.2.1. Payment Download Page

Payment Download - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by DHFS - State of Wisconsin

eWiSACWIS

Print Spell Check Help

**Selection**

Provider Org ID:  Payee ID:

Case ID:  Participant ID:

Service Type:

Reimbursement Category:

Check Number:

Check Date Range Begin:  End:

Begin Date of Payment Range Begin:  End:

End Date of Payment Range Begin:  End:

**Results**

Payment ID	Amount Requested	Service Type	Business ID	Provider Org ID	Check Number	
24814	\$-100.00	One Time Place Pymnt	20181	20181		<a href="#">History</a>
24829	\$1,100.00	RCC - CHPS	20181	20181	10002	<a href="#">History</a>
24830	\$1,100.00	RCC - CHPS	20181	20181	10003	<a href="#">History</a>
24832	\$1,100.00	RCC - CHPS	20181	20181	10003	<a href="#">History</a>

Options:

Done Local intranet

Results Box displaying: Payment ID, Amount Requested, Service Type, Business ID, Provider Org, Check Number

### 1.2.2. Payment Download Page

Payment Download - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by DHFS - State of Wisconsin

eWiSACWIS

Print Spell Check Help

**Selection**

Provider Org ID:  Payee ID:

Case ID:  Participant ID:

Service Type:

Reimbursement Category:

Check Number:

Check Date Range Begin:  End:

Begin Date of Payment Range Begin:  End:

End Date of Payment Range Begin:  End:

**Results**

Payment Begin Date	Payment End Date	Check Date	Case ID	Person ID	Basic Amt	
03/15/2000	03/15/2000	00/00/0000	20258	20923	\$0.00	<a href="#">History</a>
02/01/2000	02/29/2000	04/29/2003	20258	20923		<a href="#">History</a>
03/01/2000	03/31/2000	04/29/2003	20258	20923		<a href="#">History</a>
03/01/2000	03/31/2000	04/29/2003	20258	20930		<a href="#">History</a>

Options:

Done Local intranet

Results Box displaying: Payment Begin Date, Payment End Date, Check Date, Case ID, Person ID, Basic Amt

### 1.2.3. Payment Download Page

Payment Download - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by DHFS - State of Wisconsin

**eWiSACWIS** Print Spell Check Help

**Selection**

Provider Org ID:  Payee ID:

Case ID:  Participant ID:

Service Type:

Reimbursement Category:

Check Number:

Check Date Range Begin:  End:

Begin Date of Payment Range Begin:  End:

End Date of Payment Range Begin:  End:

**Results**

Excpt Amt	Suppl Amt	Admin Amt	Payee ID	Payment Stat	Reimb. Rpt. Category	Title
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	20181		RCC	Title I <a href="#">History</a>
			20181		RCC	Title I <a href="#">History</a>
			20181		RCC	Title I <a href="#">History</a>
			20181		RCC	Title I <a href="#">History</a>

Options:

Done Local intranet

Results Box displaying: Exceptional Amount, Supplemental Amount, Administrative Amount, Payee ID, Payment Status, Reimb. Rpt. Category

## 1.2.4. Payment Download Page

**Selection**

Provider Org ID:  Payee ID:

Case ID:  Participant ID:

Service Type:

Reimbursement Category:

Check Number:

Check Date Range Begin:  End:

Begin Date of Payment Range Begin:  End:

End Date of Payment Range Begin:  End:

[Search](#) [Clear](#)

**Results**

Amt	Payee ID	Payment Stat	Reimb. Rpt. Category	Title IV-E Eligibility	Payment Desc
	20191		Foster Home	Title IV-E (Regular)	Payment Desc 0 <a href="#">History</a>
	20191		Foster Home	Title IV-E (Regular)	Payment Desc 1 <a href="#">History</a>
	20191		Foster Home	Title IV-E (Regular)	Payment Desc 2 <a href="#">History</a>

Options:  [Go](#) [Close](#)

Results Box displaying: Title IV-E Eligibility

### 1.2.4.1. Page Overview

#### Page Navigation

The Payment Download page is accessed from the eWiSACWIS main menu by selecting Maintain>Financial Download>Payments.

#### Page Summary

The Payment Download page displays payment details from the Payment table for the attributes specified in the window header. Users may download the accounting attributes and payment data into a spreadsheet for additional analysis. This data is used to monitor fiscal performance, perform spending analysis, create forecasts and audit fiscal activities.

The Selection group box allows the user to specify search criteria for selecting records. The user is able to choose any combination of selection criteria, but must choose at least one. The Provider ID, Payee ID, Case ID and Person ID are user-entered text fields and will retrieve all payments with an exact match. A broader search is available through Service Type and Reimbursement Category drop-down list fields, which will retrieve all payments that meet the value selected in the drop down. Additionally, the user may search by Check Number or Check Date Range. The user has the ability to retrieve payments that fall within a specified



begin date range, and/or a specified end date range. If the Check Number field is used individually or with a combination of other search criteria fields, the user is restricted to 100 search results. If more are returned, a notification is given asking the user to limit the search.

The user may leave fields blank to select all payment records for that particular attribute. The user also has the option of narrowing the selection to target a highly specific subject area or group of like costs by specifying a value, or widening the selection with a blank field to allow broader retrieval of payment data.

After the user has selected all criteria necessary and hits the Search button, the Results group box displays detailed fiscal information for all payment records returned. Using the lower scroll bar the user can view additional attributes of each payment. Users may then download the selected information to a spreadsheet by selecting the Export Payment List option under the Options drop-down field. The user is able to name the file, which is then saved in the eWiSACWIS folder.

#### **1.2.4.2. Page Information**

**Box**      Selection

**Fields**    Provider Org ID:      User entered. Indicates the Provider Organization ID for which a payment needs to be downloaded from the Payment table. A blank will perform a search for all provider organizations within a payment line. Search is performed on id\_prvd\_org of PAYMENT table.

Payee ID:                      User entered. Indicates the Payee ID for which a payment needs to be downloaded from the Payment table. A blank will perform a search for all payees within an payment line. Search is performed on the id\_payee of the PAYMENT table.

Case ID:                        User entered. Indicates the Case ID for which a payment needs to be downloaded from the Payment table. A blank will perform a search for all cases within an payment line. Search is performed on the id\_case of the PAYMENT table.

Participant ID:                User entered. Indicates the Person ID for which a payment needs to be downloaded from the Payment table. A blank will perform a search for all persons within a payment line. Search is performed on the id\_prsn of the PAYMENT table.

Service Type:                 User selected drop-down that lists all Service Types. Indicates the services for which an account needs to be downloaded from the Payment table. A blank will perform a search for all

services within an account line. Search is performed on the cd\_srvc of the PAYMENT table, which is mapped to cd\_srvc of SERVICE\_TYPE table where text descriptions are located.

Reimbursement  
Category:

User selected drop-down that displays the four placement settings of Group Home, CCI, Kinship Care, Foster Home. Search is performed on cd\_plcm\_setng on PAYMENT table. On CODE\_DESC.id\_grp = PLCMSTNG, where Group Home = cd\_cdesc\_type = 1, CCI = cd\_cdesc\_type = 2, Kinship Care = cd\_cdesc\_type = 4, Foster Home = cd\_cdesc\_type = 5, Adoption = 6

Check Number:

User entered. User indicates the check number for which a payment needs to be downloaded from the payment table. Search is performed on PAYMENT.id\_chk\_nmbr. Using this field individually or in combination limits the search results to 100.

Check Date Range  
(Begin and End):

User entered. Check date range to use as record selection criteria from Payment table. Search is performed on PAYMENT.dt\_chk

Begin Date of  
Payment Range  
(Begin and End):

User entered. Begin date of payment range to use as record selection criteria from Payment table. Search is performed on PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin.

End Date of  
Payment Range  
(Begin and End):

User entered. End date of payment range to use as record selection criteria from Payment table. Search is performed on PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end.

**Box**      Results  
**Fields**

Payment ID:

The system derived Payment ID of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.id\_pmnt.

Amount Requested:

The system derived amount of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.am\_rqst.

Service Type:	The system derived service type of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.cd_srvc, which is mapped to cd_srvc of SERVICE_TYPE table where text descriptions are located.
Business ID:	The system derived Business ID of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.id_bsns.
Provider Org ID:	The system derived Provider Organization ID of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.id_prvd_org.
Check Number:	The system derived Check Number of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.id_chck_nmbr.
Payment Begin Date:	The system derived begin date of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.dt_pmnt_begin.
Payment End Date:	The system derived end date of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.dt_pmnt_end.
Check Date:	The system derived check date of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.dt_chck.
Case ID:	The system derived Case ID of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.id_case.
Person ID:	The system derived Person ID of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.id_prsn.
Basic Amount:	The system derived basic amount of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.am_basic.
Exceptional Amount:	The system derived exceptional amount of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.am_excpt.

Supplemental

Amount:	The system derived supplemental amount of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.am_suppl.
Administrative Amount:	The system derived administrative amount of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.am_admin.
Payee ID:	The system derived Payee ID of the associated payment. Retrieved from PAYMENT.id_payee
Payment Status:	The system derived payment status of the associated payment as either Cancel or Rescheduled or Blank. Retrieved from PAYMENT.cd_pmnt_stat.
Reimb. Rpt. Category:	The system derived reimbursement reporting category of the associated payment. Retrieved from cd_plcm_setng on PAYMENT table. On CODE_DESC.id_grp = PLCMSTNG, where Group Home = cd_cdesc_type = 1, CCI = cd_cdesc_type = 2, Kinship Care = cd_desc_type = 4, Foster Home = cd_cdesc_type = 5, Adoption = cd_cdesc_type = 6.
Title IV-E Eligibility:	The system derived Title IV-E Eligibility of the associated payment. Retrieved from the SERVICE_TYPE.cd_ive_12, where 1 = Non-Title IV-E (Regular), 2 = Title IV-E (Regular), 3 = Title IV-E (50/50).
Payment Description:	The system derived description of the associated payment. Retrieved from the PAYMENT. Tx_pmnt_desc

### **Options**

Export Payment List	Opens the Save As pop-up page that provides the user with an opportunity to transfer this data to a spreadsheet.
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### **Links**

History	Opens the Payment Download History page. Enabled only when the Results box has been populated.
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### **Buttons**

Search: Search the Payment table for records meeting the selection criteria specified by the user.

Close: Closes Payment Download page.

Clear: Sets all the Selection criteria back to null or empty.

#### **1.2.4.3. Background Processing**

- After the user presses the Search button, the following occurs:
  - Using the accounting attributes entered by the user, retrieve the associated payment lines containing these attributes from the eWiSACWIS database Payment table. For the search attributes which the user has specified a wildcard value (blank), retrieve all of the records for the attribute.
  - Clear the data residing in the Results group box from a previous search.
  - Fill the Results data elements based on the outcome of the current account selection process.
  - Verifies that if the Check Number field is part of the search criteria, no more than 100 search results can be returned.

#### **1.2.4.4. Save Processing**

None

#### **1.2.4.5. Page CRUD Matrix**

<b>Table Name</b>	<b>CRUD</b>
PAYMENT	R
SERVICE_TYPE	R
CODE_DESC	R

### 1.2.5. Payment Reimbursement History Page

**Payment Reimbursement History -- Web Page Dialog**

**eWiSACWIS** Print Spell Check Help

**Basic Information**

Case Name:	Sally Sampras	Person Name:	Child-One Sampras
Provider Name:	Mike Piazza	Payee Name:	Mike Piazza
Service Type:	RCC - CHPS	Reimb Ctgry:	RCC
Begin Date:	03/01/2000	End Date:	03/31/2000
Check Date:	04/29/2003	Amount:	\$1,100.00

**Trust Accounts Draw Downs**

Date	Amount	Benefit Type
06/03/2003	(\$50.00)	Child Support
06/03/2003	(\$50.00)	SSA - Survivors

**Title IV-E Reimbursement History**

Date	Source	Status	Maint Amt	Title XIX Amt	FFP %	Maint %	Title XIX %
06/03/2003	Title XIX	Active		\$0.00	58.78%	%	0%
06/03/2003	State	Active	\$412.20		%	%	%

**Days of Care History**

Date	Status	Elig Reimb	Elig Nonreimb	Ineligible	Pending	Federal	State
06/03/2003	Active	31	0	0	0	0	0

**Close**

#### 1.2.5.1. Page Overview

##### Page Navigation

The Payment Reimbursement History page is accessed by clicking on the History hyperlink for a specific payment entry on the Payment Download page.

##### Page Summary

There are four components to this page. The header of the page shows basic description information of when the payments was issued, for whom and on behalf of which case and child.

The Amount located in the Basic Information box can be derived from two equations.

- 1) Amount (located on Header) = Payment Amount – Administrative Amount
- 2) Amount (located on Header) = Total of Trust Account Draw Downs +  
Federal Amount +  
State Amount

The Trust Account Draw Downs box on this page shows a break down of what benefits were withdrawn from the child's trust account toward this payment. This page will display each benefit type used and how much of each benefit was withdrawn. These withdrawals will be shown as negative amounts. The date in this box shows the date on which the funds were withdrawn from the Trust Account.

The Title IV-E Reimbursement History box displays the break down between Federal and State components. The Maintenance Amount is shown as the amount of the payment that is Federally Title IV-E claimable and the remaining amount that is State's obligation. Also displayed are the percentages applied in the calculation of the Federal and State portion. The Federal Financial Participation (FFP) percentage is retrieved from the Maintain Title IVE-FFP page, and will only be displayed on the Federal row. The Maintenance percentage is retrieved from the Provider's Eligibility Cost page, and will only be displayed on the Federal row. The Title XIX Amount is based on the Title XIX percentage, which is retrieved from the Provider's Eligibility Cost page. The calculations are described below.

Once Trust Account money has been taken out against this payment, a Non-Trust Amount is established.

$$1) \text{ Non-Trust Amount (not displayed) } = \text{Amount (located on Header)} - \text{Trust Account Draw Down Total.}$$

The Federal Amount located in the Title IV-E Reimbursement History box is calculated using one of three methods. The first two equations are applied only if the payment has at least one day of a status of Eligible and Reimbursable or Federal as indicated in the Days of Care History box. The first method is applied for out-of-home care eligibility payments that have a service type of Title IV-E (Regular). The second method is applied for adoption assistance eligibility payments that also have a service type of Title IV-E (Regular). The third method is applied for adoption assistance eligibility payments that have a service type of Title IV-E (50/50). This federal assistance is applied regardless of child's eligibility.

1) IV-E Federal Amount

$$\text{IV - E Federal Amount} = \text{Non - Trust Amount} \times \text{IV - E Prorated Percentage} \times \text{Maintenance Percentage} \times \text{FFP Percentage}$$

where,

$$\text{IV - E Prorated Percentage} = \frac{\text{Elig Reimb Days}}{\text{Elig Reimb Days} + \text{Elig Nonreimb Days} + \text{Ineligible Days} + \text{Pending Days}}$$

2) Adoption Assistance Federal Amount

$$\text{Adoption Federal Amount} = \text{Non - Trust Amount} \times \text{Adoption Prorated Percentage} \times \text{FFP Percentage}$$

where,

$$\text{Adoption Prorated Percentage} = \frac{\text{Federal Days}}{\text{Federal Days} + \text{State Days} + \text{Pending Days}}$$

### 3) Adoption Assistance 50/50 Federal Amount

$$\text{Adoption Federal Amount} = \text{Non - Trust Amount} \times 50 \text{ Percent}$$

The State Amount located in the Title IV-E Reimbursement History box is derived from the following equation.

- State Amount = Non-Trust Amount - Federal Amount

However, the actual State obligation would be calculated as follows, because the Title XIX amount is considered part of the State Amount.

- State Obligation Amount (Not Displayed) = State Amount – Title XIX Amount

The Title XIX amount is derived from the following equation and applied only if a payment was for a Child Caring Institution (CCI):

- Title XIX Amount = Non-Trust Amount x Title XIX percentage x FFP Percentage

The Maintenance Percentage, State Percentage and Title XIX Percentage mentioned above are based on the Provider's Eligibility Cost page (*PM02b: Private Provider Case File*). These percentages are only applied to Private Providers, and the following equation must be maintained.

- 100% (Not Displayed) = Maintenance Percentage + State Percentage (Displayed on Provider's Eligibility Cost page) + Title XIX Percentage

Home Providers only have the FFP percentage applied to the Non-Trust Amount, if the correct eligibility criteria are met.

If a payment does not have at least one day of a status of Eligible and Reimbursable or Federal as indicated in the Days of Care History box, then the State is responsible to pay any Non-Trust Amount.

The Days of Care History box displays the number of days each payment was earmarked within an eligibility status. Event II payments will not span more than one calendar month. Each payment will have a begin date and end date for the period in which services were rendered. Each day between begin date and end date must be ascribed the appropriate eligibility status that was record for that child in that period (See *FM03: Eligibility*). If there is a change in eligibility status mid-month, then a break down of days within each eligibility status will be displayed. The payments for out of home care services will fall under the eligibility statuses of: Eligible



and Reimbursable, Eligible and Non-Reimbursable, Ineligible and Pending. The payments for adoption services will fall under the eligibility statuses of: Federal, State and Pending.

#### **1.2.5.2. Page Information**

**Box**      Basic

##### **Fields**

Case Name:	System derived. The name of the case (last name, first name, middle initial). This field pre-fills from the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from CASE.nm_case_frst and CASE.nm_case_lst
Person Name:	System derived. The name of the person (last name, first name, middle initial). This field pre-fills from the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PERSON.nm_lst, nm_frst, nm_mdl_intl.
Provider Name:	System derived. The name of the provider (provider name, provider first name). This field pre-fills from the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from CHECKS.tx_payee.
Payee Name:	System derived. The payee name of the provider. This field pre-fills from the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PROVIDER_ORG.tx_payee.
Service Type:	System derived. The service type of the payment. This field pre-fills from the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from SERVICE_TYPE.tx_srvc.
Reimbursement Ctgry:	System derived. The reimbursement category of the payment. This field pre-fills from the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from cd_plcm_setng on PAYMENT table. On CODE_DESC.id_grp = PLCMSTNG, where Group Home = cd_cdesc_type = 1, CCI = cd_cdesc_type = 2, Kinship Care = cd_desc_type = 4, Foster Home = cd_cdesc_type = 5, Adoption = cd_cdesc_type = 6.

	Begin Date:	System derived. The begin date of the payment. This field pre-fills from the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PAYMENT.dt_pmnt_begin.
	End Date:	System derived. The end date of the payment. This field pre-fills from the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PAYMENT.dt_pmnt_end.
	Check Date:	System derived. The check date of the payment. This field pre-fills from the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PAYMENT.dt_chck.
	Amount:	System derived. The amount of the payment minus any administrative costs. Retrieved from PAYMENT.am_rqst – PAYMENT.am_admin.
<b>Box</b>	Trust Account Draw Downs	
<b>Fields</b>	Date:	System derived. The transaction date of the Trust Account Ledger records associated with the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. See background processing.
	Amount:	System derived. The amount of the Trust Account Ledger records associated with the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. See background processing.
	Benefit Type:	System derived. The benefit type of the Trust Account Ledger records associated with the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. See background processing.
<b>Box</b>	Title IV-E Reimbursement History	
<b>Fields</b>	Date:	System derived. The creation date of the Payment Reimbursement records associated with the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PAYMENT_REIMBURSEMENT.ts_cr.

Source: System derived. The source (either Federal or State) of the Payment Reimbursement records associated with the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_reimb\_type, where Federal = 1 and State = 2.

Status: System derived. The status (either Active or Inactive) of the Payment Reimbursement records associated with the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_stat, where Inactive = I and Active = A.

Maintenance

Amount: System derived. The maintenance amount of the Payment Reimbursement records associated with the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb.

Title XIX Amount: System derived. The Title XIX amount of the Payment Reimbursement records associated with the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix.

FFP %: System derived. The Federal Funding Participation percentage of the Payment Reimbursement records associated with the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_ffp\_pct.

Maintenance %: System derived. The Maintenance percentage of the Payment Reimbursement records associated with the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_maint\_pct.

Title XIX %: System derived. The Title XIX percentage of the Payment Reimbursement records associated with the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct.

**Box: Days of Care History**

**Fields:**

Date:	System derived. The creation date of the Days of Care records associated with the payment record selected on the Payment Download page. Retrieved from PAYMENT_ELIG_DAYS.ts_cr.
Status:	System derived. The status of the Days of Care History record (either Active or Inactive). Retrieved from PAYMENT_ELIG_DAYS.cd_stat, where Inactive = I and Active = A.
Eligible – Reimbursable:	System derived. The number of days in the payment period that the eligibility status of the person associated with the payment was eligible and reimbursable. Retrieved from PAYMENT_ELIG_DAYS.qt_elig_reimb.
Eligible – Non-reimbursable:	System derived. The number of days in the payment period that the eligibility status of the person associated with the payment was eligible and non-reimbursable. Retrieved from PAYMENT_ELIG_DAYS.qt_elig_nonreimb.
Ineligible:	System derived. The number of days in the payment period that the eligibility status of the person associated with the payment was ineligible. Retrieved from PAYMENT_ELIG_DAYS.qt_inelig.
SSI:	System derived. The number of days in the payment period that the eligibility status of the person associated with the payment was SSI. Retrieved from PAYMENT_ELIG_DAYS.qt_ssi.
Pending:	System derived. The number of days in the payment period that the eligibility status of the person associated with the payment was pending. Retrieved from PAYMENT_ELIG_DAYS.qt_pending.
Federal:	System derived. The number of days in the payment period that the eligibility status of the person was earmarked for Federal Financial Participation. Retrieved from PAYMENT_ELIG_DAYS.qt_federal.

State: System derived. The number of days in the payment period that the person associated with the payment was not earmarked for Federal Financial Participation and is the obligation of the State. Retrieved from PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_state.

#### 1.2.5.3. Background Processing

- For the Trust Account Draw Downs Group Box, retrieve all TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER records WHERE TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt AND TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_trans < 0. Sort the selected rows with the most recent dt\_trans at the top
- For the Title IV-E Reimbursement History Group Box, retrieve all PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT records WHERE PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt. Sort the selected rows with the most recent ts\_cr at the top.
- For the Days of Care History Group Box, retrieve all PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS records WHERE PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt. Sort the selected rows with the most recent ts\_cr at the top.

#### 1.2.5.4. Save Processing

None

#### 1.2.5.5. Page CRUD Matrix

Table Name	CRUD
PAYMENT	R
PERSON	R
CASE	R
CODE_DESC	R
PROVIDER_ORG	R
PAYMENT_REIMBURSEMENT	R
PAYMENT_ELIG_DAYS	R
TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER	R

## 1.2.6. Eligibility-Based Days of Care Page

Eligibility Based Days of Care - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by DHFS

eWiSACWIS

Print Spell Check Help

**Selection Criteria**

Person ID:  Case ID:

From Date:  To Date:

Search Clear

**Eligibility-Based Days of Care**

Eligibility ID	Person Name	Case ID	County	Period Begin Date	Period End Date	Placement Begin Date	Ser
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Options:  Close

### 1.2.6.1. Page Overview

#### Page Navigation:

The Eligibility-Based Days of Care page is opened in a View Only mode and users will not be able to edit any information on this page. The page will be available from the main Outliner > Maintain menu. Access to the Eligibility-Based Days of Care page will be maintained by the overall job class level.

#### Page Summary:

The Eligibility-Based Days of Care page will allow workers and auditors look at the days of care broken down by eligibility and reimbursability status, by child. Using this page, users are able to drill down historical days of care information provided by the Eligibility-Based Days of Care report at the level of a child and eligibility. The user can search for information by child or person and by date range for the case or person. Once the user views this information, they will be able to save the information into a spreadsheet through the Options menu. After saving the data, the user will be returned to the Eligibility-Based Days of Care page.

The page is divided into two group boxes. The first group box is used by the user to specify selection criteria. The lower part of the page will display the search results based on the

selection criteria specified. The Options drop down will allow the user to download the information displayed in the Eligibility Based Days of Care Results group box.

#### 1.2.6.2. Page Information

**Box**        Selection Criteria Group Box

**Fields**

Person ID:	Specifies a unique person ID (WISACWIS generated person ID); can be used as the sole search criterion; user-entered field; enabled. Mandatory.
Case ID:	Specifies a unique case ID (WISACWIS generated); user-entered field; enabled.
Date From:	Begin Date from which time period eligibility information is required. User-entered field in MM/DD/CCYY format; enabled. Mandatory.
Date To:	End date up to which time period eligibility information is required. User-entered field in MM/DD/CCYY format; enabled.

<b>Button</b>	Search:	Standard Search processing, using the specified criteria.
	Clear:	Standard Clear search criteria specified.

**Box**        Eligibility Based Days of Care Results Group Box

**Fields**

Eligibility ID:	Eligibility ID for the particular record that is associated with the placement and eligibility information being reported for the part.
Person Name:	Display the Person First and Last Name based on the Person ID displayed.
Case ID:	Case ID associated with the person and eligibility ID for which Eligibility-Based Days of Care information is brought up.
County:	Name of the County in which the child's eligibility status is associated with.
Period Begin Date:	Begin Date of the monthly reporting period associated with the days of care being reported.

	Period End Date:	End Date of the monthly reporting period associated with the days of care being reported.
	Placement Begin Date:	Begin date of the placement associated with the eligibility ID and the Period Begin Date.
	Service Type:	Service Type associated with the placement.
	Days– ER:	Number of days within the monthly period and the eligibility instance that the child had a status of Eligible and Reimbursable.
	Days– ENR:	Number of days within the monthly period and eligibility instance that the child had a status of Eligible and Non-Reimbursable.
	Days – Elig-SSI:	Number of days within the monthly period and eligibility instance that the child had a status of Eligible, receiving SSI.
	Days – Ineligible:	Number of days within the monthly period and the eligibility instance that the child had a status of Ineligible.
	Days – Pending:	Number of days within the monthly period and eligibility instance that the child had a status of Pending.
	Status of Record:	Active or Inactive status of the record being displayed.
	Time Created:	Time at which the particular monthly days of care record was created in the Days_of_Care_Period table.
<b>Button</b>	Close:	Standard Close processing.
<b>Options Menu Drop Down</b>	Export Days of Care List:	Allows the user to export search results into a spreadsheet.

### 1.2.6.3. Background Processing

- Person ID is a mandatory Search criterion.
- Date From is mandatory Search criterion.
- All fields default to null values when the page is initially accessed.
- The Date To cannot be prior to the Date From field.



- For the user-specified Date From, retrieve those records where user-specified Date From <= DAYS\_OF\_CARE\_PERIOD.dt\_begin.
- If the user specifies a Date To, retrieve those records where user-specified Date To => DAYS\_OF\_CARE\_PERIOD.dt\_begin.
- If no Date To is specified, all records until the system date (current date) are retrieved.
- If only Person ID and Date From are specified, all Days of Care records for the person, irrespective of case, is retrieved. user-specified Person ID = DAYS\_OF\_CARE\_PERIOD.id\_prsn.
- If the user presses the Clear button, all search criteria are cleared out.
- Records are retrieved after the Search button is clicked.
- Fields are pre-filled from values driven off the Days\_of\_Care\_Period table, based on the criteria specified.
- Data is sorted in the following order:
  - Case ID, Eligibility ID, Period Begin Date (descending), Cd\_stat = 'A', Cd\_stat = 'I'
- Multiple records for the same eligibility instance and the same placement can be displayed from the table. Records are reported based on the Period Begin Date, a monthly division of days of care information.
- If DAYS\_OF\_CARE\_PERIOD.id\_epsd = null, Placement Begin Date and Service Type fields are null. This indicates a gap in placement.
- The Service Type field is obtained from the EPISODE table. Display SERVICE\_TYPE.tx\_srv where SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_srv = EPISODE.cd\_srv and where EPISODE.id\_epsd = DAYS\_OF\_CARE\_PERIOD.id\_epsd.
- The placement begin date field is obtained from the EPISODE table. Display EPISODE.dt\_bgn where EPISODE.id\_epsd = DAYS\_OF\_CARE\_PERIOD.id\_epsd.
- The Eligibility-Based Days of Care page is brought up as a View Only page.
- If no data is found for the specified Search criteria, a message stating “No Days of Care information found for specified criteria” will be displayed.
- By choosing ‘Export Days of Care List’ in the Options Menu Drop down (under Actions), the user will be able to save the records displayed onto a spreadsheet, in the eWiSACWIS folder.
  - The column titles on the spreadsheet will match the field headings in the page display.
  - Results displayed on the Eligibility-Based Days of Care page are downloaded into the spreadsheet.

**1.2.6.4. Save Processing**

- None.

**1.2.6.5. Page CRUD Matrix**

<b>Table Name</b>	<b>Create</b>	<b>Read</b>	<b>Update</b>	<b>Delete</b>
EPISODE		X		
DAYS_OF_CARE_PERIOD		X		
SERVICE_TYPE		X		

### **1.3. Inventories**

#### **1.3.1. Table Descriptions**

<b>Table Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
CASE	A CASE is the focus of every human services business activity. A case is created as a result of intake work and can be one of three types: individual (which includes TPR and Adoption cases), family, and DHFS provider or other provider. The CASE table contains case relations, address and approval information. Processes of SM04 (Maintain Case) and SM05 (Close Case) create and maintain case records.
CODE_DESC	The CODE DESC table is used to house the description fields for most of the reference data used in eWiSACWIS.
PAYMENT	The PAYMENT table stores detailed information about payments made to providers including but not limited to service begin date, service end date, payment amount, provider, child, case, and payee. Processes of FM01 (Process Payments) maintain and update this information.
PAYMENT_ELIG_DAYS	The PAYMENT_ELIG_DAYS table stores the number of days each payment was earmarked within an eligibility status. Processes of FM04a (Reimbursement) maintain and update this information.
PAYMENT_REIMBURSEMENT	The PAYMENT_REIMBURSEMENT table contains a history of system calculated reimbursement claim amounts. Processes of FM04a (Reimbursement) maintain and update this information.
PERSON	This PERSON table maintains information that identifies an individual known to DHFS or the county child welfare division such as name, date of birth, social security number, race, sex, etc. A PERSON can be a WORKER, REPORT PART, REFERRAL PART, CASE PART or PROVIDER PART. Primary search processing is centered

around this data. Processes of CM01 (Manage Person) build and maintain this information.

#### PROVIDER\_ORG

This table maintains information pertaining to a PROVIDER ORG, facility or vendor. Data includes name and address information, placement preferences and home condition description. Records in PROVIDER ORG table are created in PM02a/b (Maintain Home/ Private Provider) and updated in PM04a (Licensing Home Provider).

#### SERVICE\_TYPE

SERVICE TYPE table maintains information associated with any defined category of provider service offered by DHFS or the county organization including training requirements, standard rate (across all provider organizations) and license requirements etc., associated with providers. Processes of PM01 (Maintain Services) and eWiSACWIS table maintenance build and maintain this data.

#### TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER

The TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER table is used by the Trust Account Manager to maintain a complete history of all debit and credit transactions for a particular trust account. Processes within FM07 (Trust Account) maintain this information.

### **1.3.2. Reference Data**

#### **1.3.2.1.Drop Downs**

**Field Name:** Service Code  
**Table Name:** SERVICE\_TYPE

**Field Name:** Reimbursement Category  
**Table Name:** CODE\_DESC  
**Group ID:** PLCMSTNG

#### **1.3.2.2.List Boxes**

None.

### **1.3.3. Automated Messages**

None

**1.3.4. Checklists**

None

**1.3.5. Ticklers**

None

**1.3.6. Notifications**

None

**1.3.7. Text Templates**

None

**1.3.8. Reports**

1. Benefits Payments Report
2. Case Counts Report
3. Payment Based Days of Care Report
4. Overpayments with Trust Accounts Report
5. Title IV-E Audit Report
6. Eligibility-based Days of Care Report
7. Pre-Two Year Deductions Report

**1.3.9. Triggers**

<b>Txn Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
7000	Approval of initial out of home placement. This trigger is created if an initial out of home placement is service rate change occurs with the effective date of the change (DT_EFCT_STRT on SERVICE_RATE/PRVD_SRVC_RATE Tables) being earlier than the last payment date for that particular service (DT_PMNT_LST on the SERVICE_TYPE Table). This trigger will be used by FM01 - Calculate Ongoing Amounts Batch to create retroactive payments for those provider who have already been paid although the rate change was effective earlier than their payment date.

## **1.4. Batch Programs**

### **1.4.1. Trust Funds Draw-down Batch Program**

**Program Name:** b-fm04a-trust-draw-down

**Process Summary:** This batch program takes all current payments that have an existing Non Trust Amount (see section 1.2.2.1 for further details on this amount), and looks to see if there is any money available in the child's trust account. The batch will withdraw any available money and create report for the Trust Account Manager that will indicate the total amount reimbursable to the State for that month. In order for the Trust Account benefits (See *FM07: Trust Accounts*) to be selected the following conditions must apply.

- 1) Payment Begin Date must be equal to or greater than the Effective Date of the Benefit
- 2) If the benefit type is specified for Current Month expenses only, then the Payment must fall in current month in which the batch is run.
- 3) If the benefit type is specified for Prior Month expenses only, then the Payment must fall in the prior month in which the batch is run.
- 4) If the benefit type is specified for All Outstanding expenses, then the Payment must only meet the criteria (1)

Additionally, the Trust Account Draw Down batch will always withdraw any existing interest record in the ledger. However, any money that is record as Personal Needs in the ledger will not be withdrawn by this batch.

**Frequency:** Monthly.

**Dependencies:** Successful completion of monthly trust account deposits and DOA-to-WiSACWIS Checks Printed batch and Identify FFP/Non-FFP Payments batch programs.

**Input Parameters:** mmddccyy

**Input Files:** cycle-date-override, fm04a-trust-draw-down-parm

**Output Files:** Sum of all withdrawals output file (See Item 7 for description)

**Database Tables:** PAYMENT RU  
TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER CRU

**Process Description:**

1. The batch will now update new withdrawal entries, so that am\_rem is appropriately reduced on prior deposit entries.
  - 1.1. Sort TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER by dt\_trans
  - 1.2. If fl\_adjstd = N, and cd\_trans\_typ = 2 (withdrawal) then look up and retrieve first row where cd\_bnft\_typ = cd\_bnft\_typ (of this withdrawal record) and id\_trust\_acct = id\_trust\_acct (of this withdrawal record) and am\_rem > 0
  - 1.3. Verify that TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_trans (of withdrawal) < sum(TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem) for cd\_bnft\_type.
    - 1.3.1. If true, proceed with pre-process.
    - 1.3.2. If false, go to next withdrawal.
  - 1.4. am\_rem + am\_trans (this is a negative amount) = WS-LEFT-OVER
  - 1.5. Loop
    - 1.5.1. If WS-LEFT-OVER = 0, THEN set am\_rem = 0, THEN exit loop
    - 1.5.2. If WS-LEFT-OVER > 0, THEN SET AM\_REM = WS-LEFT-OVER, THEN exit loop
    - 1.5.3. IF WS-LEFT-OVER < 0 THEN set am\_rem = 0, AND then select next row where am\_rem > 0, and take am\_rem + WS-LEFT-OVER = WS-LEFT-OVER and GO TO top of Loop.
    - 1.5.4. Set fl\_adjstd = Y (of this withdrawal record)
2. Select PAYMENT records.
  - 2.1. Select system disbursed payments. Select those records where PAYMENT.cd\_pmnt\_stat <> "C" AND PAYMENT.dt\_chck is NOT NULL AND TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_prsn = PAYMENT.id\_prsn AND PAYMENT.am\_nontrust > 0 AND SERVICE\_TYPE.fl\_non\_sys\_disb = "N" AND SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <> 3 AND SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <> 4 (code value for 'exclude from claiming') for the PAYMENT.cd\_srvc selected.
  - 2.2. Also, select non-disbursed payments. Select all **approved** PAYMENT records where TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_prsn = PAYMENT.id\_prsn AND PAYMENT.cd\_cnty\_new = TRUST\_ACCOUNT.cd\_cnty AND

PAYMENT.cd\_pmnt\_stat <> "C" AND PAYMENT.am\_nontrust > 0 AND  
SERVICE\_TYPE.fl\_non\_sys\_disb = "Y" AND SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <> 3 for  
the PAYMENT.cd\_srvc selected AND PAYMENT.cd\_ffp = 2 or 3  
SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_sw\_rpt\_grp <> '999'.

- 2.3. Also, select non-disbursed payments. Select all **approved** PAYMENT records where  
TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_prsn = PAYMENT.id\_prsn AND  
PAYMENT.cd\_cnty\_new = TRUST\_ACCOUNT.cd\_cnty AND  
PAYMENT.cd\_pmnt\_stat <> "C" AND PAYMENT.am\_nontrust > 0 AND  
SERVICE\_TYPE.fl\_non\_sys\_disb = "Y" AND PAYMENT.cd\_ffp <> 2 or 3 AND  
SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <> 3 for the PAYMENT.cd\_srvc selected  
SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_sw\_rpt\_grp = '999'.
- 2.4. Sort the selected rows by PAYMENT.id\_prsn.
- 2.5. Select the first payment record from this group. If there are multiple records, select the  
records where PAYMENT.cd\_ffp = "3" (i.e., Non-FFP) and then records with  
PAYMENT.cd\_ffp = "2" (i.e., FFP). If there are multiple records in each category, then  
select the record with the least recent PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end.
3. The next step is to find valid benefits that can be used toward each payment selected and  
select TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER records available for the month in which this payment  
falls.
  - 3.1. For the first PAYMENT.id\_prsn and id\_case and perform lookup to  
TRUST\_ACCOUNT and find row where TRUST\_ACCOUNT.dt\_closing = null and  
BANK.cd\_type = 1 (i.e. General Account) where TRUST\_ACCOUNT.id\_bank =  
BANK.id\_bank.
  - 3.2. With TRUST\_ACCOUNT.id\_trust\_acct lookup to BENEFIT.id\_trust\_acct and find  
rows where BENEFIT.dt\_effctv (month and year) =< PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin  
(month and year) =< BENEFIT.dt\_clsng (month and year). Verify that  
sum(TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_trans>0) for the benefit type. If true, continue  
processing payment with that benefit. If false, go to next benefit defined in BENEFIT  
table.
  - 3.3. Select rows on BENEFIT where cd\_expns = 2 (current month benefit). Lookup to  
TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER with id\_trust\_acct and BENEFIT.cd\_bnft\_typ =  
TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.cd\_bnft\_typ and select rows on  
TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER where TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem > 0 and  
month of dt\_trans = month of dt\_pmnt\_begin.
  - 3.4. Select rows on BENEFIT where cd\_expns = 3 (prior month benefit). Lookup to  
TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER with id\_trust\_acct and BENEFIT.cd\_bnft\_typ =  
TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.cd\_bnft\_typ and select rows on  
TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER where TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem > 0 and  
month of dt\_trans minus one month (make sure 01 - 1 = 12) = month of dt\_pmnt\_begin.
  - 3.5. Select rows on BENEFIT where cd\_expns = 1 (all outstanding). Lookup to  
TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER with id\_trust\_acct and BENEFIT.cd\_bnft\_typ =



- TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.cd\_bnft\_typ and select rows on  
TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER where TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem > 0
- 3.6. Also select TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER rows where cd\_bnft\_typ = 10 (i.e. Interest) where cd\_bnft\_type = 10 does not exist in the BENEFIT table for the TRUST\_ACCOUNT.id\_trust\_acct.
- 3.7. Once the rows have been selected place all rows cd\_bnft\_typ = 6 (i.e. SSI-Federal) last. For cd\_bnft\_type = 6, verify that BENEFIT.dt\_effctv (month and year) =< PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin (month and year) =< BENEFIT.dt\_clsng (month and year). Verify that sum(TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_trans>0) for the benefit type. If true, continue processing payment with that benefit. If false, go to next benefit defined in BENEFIT table. Next sort on dt\_trans.
- 3.8. Calculate the Current Balance of the Trust Account by adding all TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem for these selected TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER entries. Refer to this as “Current Balance”
4. Insert a TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER record with the following attributes:
- 4.1. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_case = PAYMENT.id\_case
  - 4.2. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_prsn = PAYMENT.id\_prsn
  - 4.3. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_ldgr = system generated unique ledger ID.
  - 4.4. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_chck\_nmbr = NULL
  - 4.5. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.dt\_trans = current system date
  - 4.6. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.cd\_trans\_typ = “2” (i.e., Withdrawal)
  - 4.7. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_trans =
    - 4.7.1. If PAYMENT.am\_nontrust >= “Current Balance” >= TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem of the originally selected TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER record, then
      - 4.7.1.1. Set TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_trans = - (TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem).
      - 4.7.1.2. Set TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem = 0
      - 4.7.1.3. Set PAYMENT.am\_nontrust = (PAYMENT.am\_nontrust - TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem)
      - 4.7.1.4. Set PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = “Y” and continue to (4.8).
    - 4.7.2. If PAYMENT.am\_nontrust >= TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem of the originally selected TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER record >= “Current Balance”, then
      - 4.7.2.1. Set TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_trans = - (Current Balance).
      - 4.7.2.2. Set TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem = (TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem – Current Balance)

- 4.7.2.3. Set `PAYMENT.am_nontrust` = (`PAYMENT.am_nontrust` – Current Balance)
- 4.7.2.4. Set `PAYMENTfl_ive_calc` = “Y” and continue to (4.8).
- 4.7.3. If “Current Balance”  $\geq$  `PAYMENT.am_nontrust`  $\geq$  `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem` of the originally selected `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER` record, then
  - 4.7.3.1. Set `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_trans` = - (`TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem`).
  - 4.7.3.2. Set `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem` = 0
  - 4.7.3.3. Set `PAYMENT.am_nontrust` = (`PAYMENT.am_nontrust` - `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem`) and continue to (4.8).
- 4.7.4. If “Current Balance”  $\geq$  `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem` of the originally selected `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER` record  $\geq$  `PAYMENT.am_nontrust`, then
  - 4.7.4.1. Set `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_trans` = - (`PAYMENT.am_nontrust`).
  - 4.7.4.2. Set `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem` = (`TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem` – `PAYMENT.am_nontrust`)
  - 4.7.4.3. Set `PAYMENT.am_nontrust` = 0
  - 4.7.4.4. Set `PAYMENTfl_ive_calc` = “Y” and continue to (4.8).
- 4.7.5. If `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem` of the originally selected `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER` record  $\geq$  `PAYMENT.am_nontrust`  $\geq$  “Current Balance”, then
  - 4.7.5.1. Set `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_trans` = - (Current Balance).
  - 4.7.5.2. Set `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem` = (`TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem` – Current Balance)
  - 4.7.5.3. Set `PAYMENT.am_nontrust` = (`PAYMENT.am_nontrust` – Current Balance)
  - 4.7.5.4. Set `PAYMENTfl_ive_calc` = “Y” and continue to (4.8).
- 4.7.6. If `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem` of the originally selected `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER` record  $\geq$  “Current Balance”  $\geq$  `PAYMENT.am_nontrust`, then
  - 4.7.6.1. Set `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_trans` = - (`PAYMENT.am_nontrust`).
  - 4.7.6.2. Set `TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem` = (`TRUST_ACCOUNT_LEDGER.am_rem` – `PAYMENT.am_nontrust`)
  - 4.7.6.3. Set `PAYMENT.am_nontrust` = 0

- 4.7.6.4. Set PAYMENTfl\_ive\_calc = "Y" and continue to (4.8).
- 4.8. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.cd\_detl = the code value for "Reimbursement."
- 4.9. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.cd\_bnft\_typ = the cd\_bnft\_typ of the originally selected TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER record.
- 4.10. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.tx\_desc = NULL
- 4.11. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_cr = Batch ID
- 4.12. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.ts\_cr = current system date
- 4.13. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_up = Batch ID
- 4.14. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.ts\_up = current system date
- 4.15. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_trust\_acct = the id\_trust\_acct of the originally selected TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER record.
- 4.16. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt
- 4.17. TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem = 0.
- 5. Verify that  $\text{sum}(\text{TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_trans}) \geq 0$  for the benefit type . Include in the sum the value in the TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_trans of the newly inserted record. If true, insert the record. If false, then select the next TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER record that was selected in STEP 3 and continue from STEP 4.
- 6. If the TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_rem = 0 for the selected record, then select the next TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER record that was selected in STEP 3 and continue from STEP 4. Perform this until PAYMENT.am\_non\_trust = 0, then get next id\_pmnt of the PAYMENT rows select in STEP 2 for this id\_prsn
  - 6.1. If the next id\_pmnt falls in a different calendar month, then return to STEP 3 and reselect TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER records and recalculate balance
  - 6.2. If the next id\_pmnt falls in the same calendar month, then return to STEP 4.
- 7. If the Current Balance = 0, then select the next PAYMENT record that for this id\_prsn that falls in a different calendar month and continue with STEP 3. If no PAYMENT record for this id\_prsn, then select next PAYMENT row of the next id\_prsn.
- 8. Also, each time a TRUST\_ACOCUNT\_LEDGER record is inserted, use a working storage to maintain the sum of all am\_trans amounts entered. This sum will be the total of all withdrawals made.
- 9. Display this sum total in a (.txt) output file which shows the date the job ran and the "Total Amount of Withdrawals" = \$(the calculated sum)

### **1.4.2. Identify FFP/Non-FFP Payments Batch Program**

**Program Name:** b-fm04a-identify-FFP

**Process Summary:** This batch program processes the Title IV-E Eligibility for children who are in out-of-home-care and process Adoption Eligibility for children who are placed with in-home-care services. The batch then makes two important decisions. Firstly, the batch will decide if a payment is considered FFP or Non-FFP. A payment is considered FFP if, and only if, at least one day of the payment falls in period when the eligibility status was Eligible and Reimbursable (out-of-home care), or the payment falls in a period when the status was Federal (in-home-care). Secondly, for each payment the batch will calculate the number of days earmarked for a particular eligibility status. Event II payments each have a begin date and end date that fall within the same calendar month. Each day must be allocated to the eligibility that had been determined for that child within that period.

**Frequency:** Monthly.

**Dependencies:** Successful completion of DOA to WiSACWIS Check Printed batch processing.

**Input Parameters:** From Date.

**Input Files:** cycle-date-override

**Output Files:** None

<b>Database Tables:</b>	PAYMENT	RU
	ELIGIBILITY	R
	ELIG_REDET	R
	ADOPTION_ELIGIBILITY	R
	ADOPTION_ELIG_REDET	R
	SERVICE_TYPE	R

## PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS

CU

**Process Description:**

The following batch program processes payments that have been disbursed since the From Date as recorded on the Input Parameter card. Based on the latest Title IV-E Eligibility information for the child, the batch program whether a particular payment is Title IV-E reimbursable (FFP) or not (Non-FFP). It also calculates the days of care for each eligibility and reimbursability status.

The first step is to process the eligibility rows entered in ELIGIBILITY and ELIG\_REDET tables and select only those rows that actually change the status of a child. For example there may be two eligibility rows in ELIGIBILITY and ELIG\_REDET tables with the following attributes:

dt_eff = 3/15/1999	dt_cmplt = 4/1/1999	Status = Eligible and Reimbursable
dt_eff = 3/20/1999	dt_cmplt = 3/25/1999	Status = Eligible but Not-reimbursable

In this instance, based on the effective dates, it may look like this child is Eligible and Reimbursable between 3/15 and 3/20 and becomes Eligible but Non-reimbursable after 3/20. However, since the Eligible and Reimbursable status was entered more recently than the Eligible but Non-reimbursable status, it overwrites this status. Therefore, this child is actually Eligible and Reimbursable after 3/15 and the eligibility record with the status Eligible but Non-reimbursable does not affect the overall eligibility or reimbursability of the child.

The above mentioned example is simplified version of the logic that will dictate the selection of “relevant” eligibility rows. The logic described below will need to be followed to select these relevant eligibility rows.

1. Select payments that can potentially be claimed from Title IV-E funds.
  - 1.1. Select system disbursed (+) payments. Select PAYMENT rows WHERE  
 PAYMENT.cd\_pmnt\_stat <> “C” AND PAYMENT.am\_nontrust >0 AND  
 PAYMENT.fl\_ffp\_calc = “Y” AND PAYMENT.dt\_chk >= From date entered on the  
 input parameter AND SERVICE\_TYPE.fl\_non\_sys\_disb = “N” AND  
 SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <> 4 (code value for ‘exclude from claiming’) for the  
 PAYMENT.cd\_srvc selected.
  - 1.2. Select non-system disbursed (+) payments. Select **approved** PAYMENT rows WHERE  
 PAYMENT.cd\_pmnt\_stat <> “C” AND PAYMENT.am\_nontrust >0 AND  
 PAYMENT.fl\_ffp\_calc = “Y” AND PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end >= From date entered on  
 the input parameter AND AND SERVICE\_TYPE.fl\_non\_sys\_disb = “Y” for the

PAYMENT.cd\_srvc selected. Do not select payments where SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_sw\_rpt\_grp = '999'.

- 1.3. Select (-) payments. Select **approved** PAYMENT rows WHERE PAYMENT.am\_rqst <0 AND PAYMENT.fl\_ffp\_calc = "Y" AND PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end >= From date entered on the input parameter and . Do not select payments where SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_sw\_rpt\_grp = '999' or SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <> 4 (code value for 'exclude from claiming').
2. Select the first PAYMENT record. If SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 = "1" (i.e., Non-Title IV-E) for the PAYMENT.cd\_srvc selected, then set PAYMENT.cd\_ffp = "3" (i.e., Non-FFP). Calculate dt\_pmnt\_end minus dt\_pmnt\_bgn +1. Using id\_prsn and id\_case lookup to ELIGIBILITY (or ELIG\_REDET), and if found insert result in to PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_inelig. If not found use id\_prsn and id\_case lookup to ADOPTION\_ELIG (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET), and if found insert result in to PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_state. If not found, insert result into qt\_pending. If SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 = "3" (i.e., Title IV-E (50/50)), or SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 = "2" (i.e., Title IV-E Regular), then continue from (3).
3. The next step is to process those payments that are potentially Title IV-E reimbursable. The batch process first processes those payments that are made for children in adoption. The Title IV-E eligibility records for those children are recorded in the ADOPTION\_ELIG and ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET tables. Therefore, select all ADOPTION\_ELIG and ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET records WHERE PAYMENT.id\_case = ADOPTION\_ELIG.id\_case (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.id\_case) AND PAYMENT.id\_prsn = ADOPTION\_ELIG (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.id\_prsn) AND ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_cmplt (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt) is NOT NULL AND ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end. If there is at least one record selected, then continue from (3.1). Once, all Adoption Eligibility records are processed, skip (4) and continue from (5). If there are no records in these tables for the selected payment, then the batch process will assume that the child is in foster care and will continue from (4) to process regular Title IV-E Eligibility determination records.

- 3.1. If there is at least one Adoption Eligibility row WHERE ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin, then continue with **Logic A**.

#### **Logic A (Adoptions)**

- 3.1.1. Select the Adoption Eligibility record WHERE ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin AND ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_cmplt (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt) is most recent. Store dt\_eff\_elig and cd\_elig\_stat at a temporary table.

3.1.1.1. Continue to execute the following routine WHILE  
ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig)  
of the processed Adoption Eligibility record <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end.  
Once all Adoption Eligibility rows are processed for this payment, continue  
with **Logic C**.

3.1.1.1.1. Select the next Adoption Eligibility record and store  
ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or  
ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) and  
ADOPTION\_ELIG.cd\_elig\_stat  
(ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.cd\_elig\_stat) in the same temporary table  
ONLY if satisfies all the criteria listed below. If it fails at least one  
criterion, then do not store the Adoption Eligibility record information  
and continue to process the next Adoption Eligibility record.

3.1.1.1.1.1. ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or  
ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) of the most recently stored  
Eligibility record < ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or  
ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) of the currently processed  
Adoption Eligibility record <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end **AND**

3.1.1.1.1.2. ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or  
ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) is the least recent of the  
3.1.1.1.1 criteria **AND**

3.1.1.1.1.3. ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_cmplt (or  
ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt) of the currently processed  
Eligibility record > ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_cmplt (or  
ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt) of the most recently stored  
Adoption Eligibility record.

3.2. If there is NO Adoption Eligibility row WHERE ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or  
ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin, but there is at  
least one Eligibility row WHERE ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or  
ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end, then continue  
with **Logic B**.

### **Logic B (Adoptions)**

3.2.1. Since there are NO Adoption eligibility records that have  
ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) <=  
PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin, the portion of the payment that falls from  
PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin to ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or  
ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) of the first available Adoption Eligibility  
record will be assumed as being "Pending." Therefore, store  
PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin and cd\_elig\_stat = "3" (i.e., Pending) at a temporary

table.

3.2.2. Select the Adoption Eligibility record WHERE ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) is least recent and ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end. If there are more than one ADOPTION\_ELIG or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET records with the same dt\_eff\_elig, then select the record with the most recent ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_cmplt (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt).

3.2.2.1. Continue to execute the following routine WHILE ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) (of the processed Adoption Eligibility record) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end. Once all Adoption Eligibility rows are processed for this payment, continue with **Logic C**.

3.2.2.1.1. Select the next Adoption Eligibility record and store ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) and ADOPTION\_ELIG.cd\_elig\_stat (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.cd\_elig\_stat) in the same temporary table ONLY if it satisfies all the criteria listed below. If it fails at least one criterion, then do not store the Adoption Eligibility record information and continue to process the next Adoption Eligibility record.

3.2.2.1.1.1. ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) of the most recently stored Adoption Eligibility record < ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) of the currently processed Adoption Eligibility record <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end **AND**

3.2.2.1.1.2. ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) is least recent of the 3.2.2.1.1 criteria **AND**

3.2.2.1.1.3. ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_cmplt (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt) of the currently processed Eligibility record > ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_cmplt (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt) of the most recently stored Adoption Eligibility record.

### **Logic C (Adoptions)**

3.3. The purpose of Logic C is to identify if a particular payment is FFP or Non-FFP. It also calculates the case count information in each eligibility group to assist the Department for their reimbursement calculations.

3.4. Once Logic A and Logic B are executed, the result set should be stored in a temporary



table with two columns. First column stores effective dates and the second column stores the federal/state eligibility status of the child as of that date.

- 3.5. Based on the way Logic A and Logic B are executed, the effective dates should be sorted by effective dates in chronological order. The following example shows a possible result set for a payment with PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin = 03/01/2000 and PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end = 03/31/2000.

<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Eligibility Status</b>
03/01/2000	1 (i.e., Federal)
03/15/2000	2 (i.e., State)
03/20/2000	1 (i.e., Federal)

- 3.6. If a WiSACWIS needs to know a child's eligibility at a certain point in time, it will need to refer to this result set. The child with the above result set will have the following federal/state eligibility statuses:

<b>Effective Dates</b>	<b>Eligibility Status</b>
dt_pmnt_begin – 03/14/2000	1 (i.e., Federal)
03/15/2000 – 03/20/2000	2 (i.e., State)
03/20/2000 – dt_pmnt_end and add one day	1 (i.e., Federal)

- 3.7. Using id\_elig lookup to ADOPTION\_ELIG and ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET and if dt\_end <> null and dt\_end =< dt\_pmnt\_end then replace in the temporary table dt\_pmnt\_end with dt\_end and add additional row in the temporary table such that dt\_end through dt\_pmnt\_end will be assumed to be pending:

<b>Effective Dates</b>	<b>Eligibility Status</b>
dt_pmnt_begin – 03/15/2000	1 (i.e., Eligible and Reimbursable)
03/15/2000 – 03/20/2000	3 (i.e., Eligible but Non-reimbursable)
03/20/2000 – dt_end	1 (i.e., Eligible and Reimbursable)

dt_end – dt_pmnt_end and add one day	4 (i.e., Pending)
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- 3.8. If only one row is selected from the ADOPTION\_ELIG (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET) table then the calculation will be dt\_pmnt\_end – dt\_pmnt\_begin + 1
- 3.9. When calculating the Federal, State, and Pending portions of a payment, the number of days that the child spent with these statuses are calculated. If we use the above example, then the following table depicts the number of days for the child in each status.

Status	Number of Days
Federal	26
State	5

- 3.9.1. For the id\_pmnt retrieved above, use id\_case, id\_prsn, dt\_pmnt\_begin and dt\_pmnt\_end to perform lookup to ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) >= dt\_pmnt\_begin AND <= dt\_pmnt\_end. Also if ADOPTION\_ELIG.dt\_eff\_elig (or ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) NOT = dt\_pmnt\_begin then also retrieve the previous ADOPTION\_ELIG\_REDET (or ADOPTION\_ELIG) for this id\_prsn. From the rows that meet this criteria store in a temporary table: dt\_cmplt, dt\_eff\_elig and cd\_elig\_stat. Sort these rows ascending by dt\_eff\_elig and descending by dt\_cmplt. Number each row retrieved 1 through n. The perform loop and compare each row. If dt\_cmplt<sub>n</sub> > dt\_cmplt<sub>(n+1)</sub> then discard row (n+1). If row (n+1) is discarded, then it is not used in the next compare, i.e. compare If dt\_cmplt<sub>n</sub> > dt\_cmplt<sub>(n+2)</sub>. If this compare is not true, then row (n+2) would be kept and used in next compare. Once all rows have been evaluated, test if any row cd\_elig\_stat = 1. If at least row meets criteria set PAYMENT.cd\_ffp = 2. If no row meet criteria, set PAYMENT.cd\_ffp = 3.
- 3.10. Also, insert a record in the PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS table and set the fields as described below.
- 3.10.1. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt
- 3.10.2. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.ts\_cr = current system date
- 3.10.3. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.id\_cr = Batch ID.
- 3.10.4. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_elig\_reimb = 0.
- 3.10.5. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_elig\_nonreimb = 0.
- 3.10.6. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_inelig = 0.

- 3.10.7. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_elig\_ssi = 0.
- 3.10.8. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_pending = the number of days with cd\_elig\_stat = "3."
- 3.10.9. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_federal = the number of days with cd\_elig\_stat = "1."
- 3.10.10. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_state = the number of days with cd\_elig\_stat = "2."
- 3.11. Whenever a PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS record is inserted, set PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.cd\_stat = "A." Set the cd\_stat = "I" on all other PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS records where PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt.
- 3.12. Continue from (5).
- 4. This section of the program processes those payments made for children who are not in adoptive placements. Select all ELIGIBILITY and ELIG\_REDET rows WHERE PAYMENT.id\_case = ELIGIBILITY.id\_case (or ELIG\_REDET.id\_case) AND PAYMENT.id\_prsn = ELIGIBILITY.id\_prsn (or ELIG\_REDET.id\_prsn) AND ELIGIBILITY.fl\_cmplt (or ELIG\_REDET.fl\_cmplt) = "Y" AND ELIGIBILITY.fl\_void <> "Y" (or ELIG\_REDET.fl\_void <> "Y".)
  - 4.1. If there is NO Eligibility row WHERE ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end THEN PAYMENT is Non-FFP.
    - 4.1.1. Insert a record in the PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS table and set the fields as described below.
      - 4.1.1.1. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt
      - 4.1.1.2. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.ts\_cr = current system date
      - 4.1.1.3. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.id\_cr = Batch ID.
      - 4.1.1.4. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_elig\_reimb = 0.
      - 4.1.1.5. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_elig\_nonreimb = 0.
      - 4.1.1.6. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_inelig = 0.
      - 4.1.1.7. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_elig\_ssi = 0.
      - 4.1.1.8. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_pending = (PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end – PAYMENT.dt\_pamnt\_begin + 1).
      - 4.1.1.9. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_federal = 0.
      - 4.1.1.10. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_state = 0.
    - 4.1.2. Whenever a PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS record is inserted, set PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.cd\_stat = "A." Set the cd\_stat = "I" on all other PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS records where PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt.

4.1.3. Continue from (2) processing the next payment.

4.2. If there is at least one Eligibility row WHERE ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin, then continue with **Logic A**.

#### **Logic A (Foster Care)**

5. Select the Eligibility record WHERE ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin AND ELIGIBILITY.dt\_cmplt (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt) is most recent. Store dt\_eff, cd\_stat and cd\_ssi in a temporary table.

5.1.1. Continue to execute the following routine WHILE ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) of the processed Eligibility record <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end. Once all Eligibility rows are processed for this payment, continue with **Logic C**.

5.1.1.1.1. Select the next Eligibility record and store ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) and ELIGIBILITY.cd\_stat (ELIG\_REDET.cd\_stat) in the same temporary table ONLY if satisfies all the criteria listed below. If it fails at least one criterion, then do not store the Eligibility record information and continue to process the next Eligibility record.

5.1.1.1.1.1. ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) of the most recently stored Eligibility record < ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) of the currently processed Eligibility record <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end **AND**

5.1.1.1.1.2. ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) is least recent of the 4.2.1.1.1 criteria **AND**

5.1.1.1.1.3. ELIGIBILITY.dt\_cmplt (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt) of the currently processed Eligibility record > ELIGIBILITY.dt\_cmplt (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt) of the most recently stored Eligibility record.

5.2. If there is NO Eligibility row WHERE ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin, but there is at least one Eligibility row WHERE ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end, then continue with **Logic B**.

#### **Logic B (Foster Care)**

5.2.1. Since there are NO eligibility records that have ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin, the portion of the payment that falls from PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin to ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) of the first available Eligibility record will be assumed as

being “Pending.” Therefore, store PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin and cd\_stat = “4” (i.e., Pending) at a temporary table.

- 5.2.2. Select the Eligibility record WHERE ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) is least recent and ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end. If there are more than one ELIGIBILITY or ELIG\_REDET records with the same dt\_eff, then select the record with the most recent ELIGIBILITY.dt\_cmplt (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt).

- 5.2.2.1. Continue to execute the following routine WHILE ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) (of the processed Eligibility record) <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end. Once all Eligibility rows are processed for this payment, continue with **Logic C**.

- 5.2.2.1.1. Select the next Eligibility record and store ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) and ELIGIBILITY.cd\_stat (or ELIG\_REDET.cd\_stat) and Eligibility.cd\_ssi (or Elig\_Redet.cd\_ssi) in the same temporary table ONLY if it satisfies all the criteria listed below. If it fails at least one criterion, then do not store the Eligibility record information and continue to process the next Eligibility record.

- 5.2.2.1.2. ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) of the most recently stored Eligibility record < ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) of the currently processed Eligibility record <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end **AND**

- 5.2.2.1.3. ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff) is least recent of the 4.2.3.1 criteria **AND**

- 5.2.2.1.4. ELIGIBILITY.dt\_cmplt (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt) of the currently processed Eligibility record > ELIGIBILITY.dt\_cmplt (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt) of the most recently stored Eligibility record.

### **Logic C (Foster Care)**

- 5.3. The purpose of Logic C is to identify if a particular payment is FFP or Non-FFP. It also calculates the case count information in each eligibility group to assist the Department for their reimbursement calculations.
- 5.4. Once Logic A and Logic B are executed, the result set should be stored in a temporary table with three columns. The first column stores the effective dates, the second column stores the ‘eligibility and reimbursability’ status of the child as of that date, and the third column stores the SSI status (for administrative claiming purposes) as of that date.
- 5.5. Based on the way Logic A and Logic B are executed, the effective dates should be sorted by effective dates in chronological order. The following example shows a possible result set for a payment with PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin = 03/01/2000 and PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end = 03/31/2000.

Effective Date	Eligibility Status	SSI Status
03/01/2000	1 (i.e., Eligible and Reimbursable)	N
03/15/2000	3 (i.e., Eligible but Non-reimbursable)	Y
03/20/2000	1 (i.e., Eligible and Reimbursable)	N
03/26/2000	3 (i.e., Eligible but Non-reimbursable)	N

- 5.6. If a WiSACWIS needs to know a child's eligibility at a certain point in time, it will need to refer to this result set. The child with the above result set will have the following Eligibility and Reimbursability statuses:

Effective Dates	Eligibility Status
dt_pmnt_begin – 03/15/2000	1 (i.e., Eligible and Reimbursable)
03/15/2000 – 03/20/2000	5 (i.e., Eligible and Receiving SSI) - Note that the status has changed from 3 to 5 because of SSI.
03/20/2000 – 3/26/2000	1 (i.e., Eligible and Reimbursable)
03/26/2000 – dt_pmnt_end and add one day	3 (i.e., Eligible but Non-reimbursable. Not receiving SSI)

- 5.7. Using id\_elig lookup to ELIGIBILITY and ELIG\_REDET and if dt\_end <> null and dt\_end =< dt\_pmnt\_end then replace in the temporary table dt\_pmnt\_end with dt\_end and add additional row in the temporary table such that dt\_end through dt\_pmnt\_end will be assumed to be pending:

Effective Dates	Eligibility Status
dt_pmnt_begin – 03/15/2000	1 (i.e., Eligible and Reimbursable)
03/15/2000 – 03/20/2000	5 (i.e., Eligible and Receiving SSI) - Note that the status has changed from 3 to 5 because of SSI.

03/20/2000 – 3/26/2000	1 (i.e., Eligible and Reimbursable)
03/26/2000 – dt_end	3 (i.e., Eligible but Non-reimbursable. Not receiving SSI)
Dt_end - dt_pmnt_end and add one day	4 (i.e., Pending)

- 5.8. If only one row is selected from the ELIGIBILITY (or ELIG\_REDET) table then the calculation will be  $dt\_pmnt\_end - dt\_pmnt\_begin + 1$
- 5.9. When calculating the “Eligible and Reimbursable”, “Eligible but Non-reimbursable”, “Ineligible”, “Eligible and Receiving SSI” and “Pending” portions of a payment, the number of days that the child spent with these statuses are calculated. If we use the above example, then the following table depicts the number of days for the child in each status.

Status	Number of Days
Eligible and Reimbursable	20
Eligible but Non-reimbursable (Not Receiving SSI).	5
Eligible but Receiving SSI	6

- 5.10. For the id\_pmnt retrieved above, use id\_case, id\_prsn, dt\_pmnt\_begin and dt\_pmnt\_end perform lookup to ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff\_elig (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig)  $\geq dt\_pmnt\_begin$  AND  $\leq dt\_pmnt\_end$ . Also if ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff\_elig (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_eff\_elig) NOT = dt\_pmnt\_begin then also retrieve the previous ELIG\_REDET (or ELIGIBILITY) for this id\_prsn. From the rows that meet this criteria store in a temporary table: dt\_cmplt, dt\_elig and cd\_stat. Sort these rows ascending by dt\_eff\_elig and descending by dt\_cmplt. Number each row retrieved 1 through n. The perform loop and compare each row. If  $dt\_cmplt_n > dt\_cmplt_{(n+1)}$  then discard row (n + 1). If row (n + 1) is discarded, then it is not used in the next compare, i.e. compare If  $dt\_cmplt_n > dt\_cmplt_{(n+2)}$ . If this compare is true, then row (n + 2) will be kept and used in next compare. Once all rows have been evaluated, test if any row  $cd\_stat = 1$ . If at least row meets criteria set PAYMENT.cd\_ffp = 2. If no row meet criteria, set PAYMENT.cd\_ffp = 3.
- 5.11. Also, insert a record in the PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS table and set the fields as described below.
- 5.11.1. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt
- 5.11.2. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.ts\_cr = current system date

- 5.11.3. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.id\_cr = Batch ID.
  - 5.11.4. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_elig\_reimb = the number of days with cd\_stat = "1."
  - 5.11.5. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_elig\_nonreimb = the number of days with cd\_stat = "2."
  - 5.11.6. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_inelig = the number of days with cd\_stat = "3."
  - 5.11.7. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_elig\_ssi = the number of days with cd\_stat = "5."
  - 5.11.8. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_pending = the number of days with cd\_stat = "4."
  - 5.11.9. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_federal = 0.
  - 5.11.10. PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.qt\_state = 0.
  - 5.12. Whenever a PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS record is inserted, set PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.cd\_stat = "A." Set the cd\_stat = "I" on all other PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS records where PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt.
- 6. After each update to PAYMENT.cd\_ffp, SET fl\_ffp\_calc= "N."
  - 7. If PAYMENT.cd\_ffp is updated with "2" where it was previously "3" OR PAYMENT.cd\_ffp is updated with "3" where it was previously "3" OR PAYMENT.cd\_ffp is updated with "3" where it was previously "2" OR PAYMENT.cd\_ffp is updated with "2", where it was previously "2", then UPDATE PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = "Y."
- Stop when all PAYMENT record selected in (1) are processed.



### **1.4.3. Title IV-E Reimbursement Batch Program**

**Program Name:** b-fm04a-reimbursement

**Process Summary:** This batch program determines the portion of each payment that needs to be claimed using Title IV-E funds. Payments are categorized as one of three types:

- 1) Title IV-E Regular,
- 2) Non-Title IV-E,
- 3) Title IV-E (50/50).

Using the non-trust amount from a payment, this batch will first determine if a payment is in fact eligible for federal reimbursement and that the service type is either (1) or (3). If at least one day of the payment falls within a period that is earmarked as Eligible and Reimbursable or Federal (for adoptions in-home services), it will apply federal percentages. The percentages applied are prorated based on the number of days a payment is federally reimbursable within a payment's begin date and end date. For payments to Child Caring Institution (CCI) or Group Home providers, the batch will apply the Maintenance Percentage (recorded in the Provider's Eligibility Cost page) and then apply the FFP percentage (recorded in the Maintain Title IV-E FFP page) for those payments that have a service type of (1). For all other provider, the batch will only apply the FFP percentage for those payment that have a service type of (1). If a payment has a service type of (3), then a 50/50 split is applied instead of the FFP percentage. If the provider is a CCI, the batch will further calculate what portion of the payment is eligible for Title XIX reimbursement. Please read the below Process Description section for the details of these calculations.

Payments with the statewide reporting group code of '999' will not be processed by the FFP batch. These payments are non-system disbursed, one-time payments issued for pre-SACWIS cost of care.

**Frequency:** Monthly.

**Dependencies:** Successful completion of Trust Account Draw-Down batch program batch program.

**Input Parameters:** From Date.

**Input Files:** cycle-date-override

**Output Files:** None

<b>Database Tables:</b>	PAYMENT	RU
	ELIGIBILITY	RU
	ELIG_REDET	RU
	SERVICE_TYPE	R
	PAYMENT_REIMBURSEMENT	CU
	IV-FFP	R
	PRVD_ELIG_COST	R

### **Process Description:**

This batch program processes those payments that are potentially reimbursable by Title IV-E and calculates the amounts that need to be claimed. Prior to this program's run, the trust funds have already been deducted from the payments and the payments have already been identified as being FFP or Non-FFP. Based on this information, this batch program will calculate the dollar amount (if any) that needs to be claimed from Title IV-E funds for each payment. Finally, this process also creates the necessary information to generate the reports that will assist the department in its Title IV-E claming.

In detail, the Federal Amount located in the Title IV-E Reimbursement History box is calculated using one of three methods. The first two equations are applied only if the payment has at least one day of a status of Eligible and Reimbursable or Federal as indicated in the Days of Care History box. The first method is applied for out-of-home care eligibility payments that have a service type of Title IV-E (Regular). The second method is applied for adoption assistance eligibility payments that also have a service type of Title IV-E (Regular). The third method is applied for adoption assistance eligibility payments that have a service type of Title IV-E (50/50). This federal assistance is applied regardless of child's eligibility.

#### 1) IV-E Federal Amount

$$\begin{aligned} \text{IV - E Federal Amount} = & \text{Non - Trust Amount} \times \\ & \text{IV - E Prorated Percentage} \times \\ & \text{Maintenance Percentage} \times \\ & \text{FFP Percentage} \end{aligned}$$

where,

$$\text{IV - E Prorated Percentage} = \frac{\text{Elig Reimb Days}}{\text{Elig Reimb Days} + \text{Elig Nonreimb Days} + \text{Ineligible Days} + \text{Pending Days}}$$

2) Adoption Assistance Federal Amount

$$\text{Adoption Federal Amount} = \text{Non - Trust Amount} \times \text{Adoption Prorated Percentage} \times \text{FFP Percentage}$$

where,

$$\text{Adoption Prorated Percentage} = \frac{\text{Federal Days}}{\text{Federal Days} + \text{State Days} + \text{Pending Days}}$$

3) Adoption Assistance 50/50 Federal Amount

$$\text{Adoption Federal Amount} = \text{Non - Trust Amount} \times 50 \text{ Percent}$$

If payment does not have at least at least one day of Eligible and Reimbursable or Federal, as displayed in the Days of Care History box on the Payment Reimbursement History page, then the State is obligated to pay the entire non-trust amount.

The State Amount located in the Title IV-E Reimbursement History box is derived from the following equation.

- State Amount = Non-Trust Amount - Federal Amount

The Title XIX amount is derived from the following equation and applied only if a payment was for a CCI:

- Title XIX Amount = Non-Trust Amount X Title XIX percentage X FFP Percentage

The Maintenance Percentage, State Percentage and Title XIX Percentage mentioned above are based on the Provider's Eligibility Cost page (*PM02b: Private Provider Case File*). These percentages are only applied to Private Providers, and the following equation must be maintained.

- 100% (Not Displayed) = Maintenance Percentage + State Percentage (Percentage Displayed on Provider's Eligibility Cost page) + Title XIX Percentage

Home Providers only have the FFP percentage applied to any Non-Trust Amount, if the correct eligibility criteria are met.

If a payment does not have at least one day of a status of Eligible and Reimbursable or Federal as indicated in the Days of Care History box, then the State is responsible to pay any Non-Trust Amount.

## Processing:

### Section A

This section of the program calculates the IV-E reimbursable portion of each payment made for a placement. It also re-calculates the Title IV-E reimbursable portion of those payments that had a retroactive change in their FFP status.

1. Select system disbursed (+) payments. Select all PAYMENT records where  
PAYMENT.am\_rqst > 0 AND PAYMENT.cd\_pmnt\_stat <> "C" AND PAYMENT.dt\_chk  
>= From Date input parameter and SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <> "3" (i.e., Title IV-E (50/50)) and SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <> 4 (code value for 'exclude from claiming') for the selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc and PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = "Y" AND  
PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng is NOT NULL AND SERVICE\_TYPE.fl\_non\_sys\_disb = "N" for the PAYMENT.cd\_srvc selected
2. Select non-system disbursed (+) payments. Select all **approved** PAYMENT records where  
PAYMENT.am\_rqst > 0 AND PAYMENT.cd\_pmnt\_stat <> "C" AND  
PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end >= From Date input parameter and SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <> "3" (i.e., Title IV-E (50/50)) for the selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc and  
PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = "Y" AND PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng is NOT NULL AND  
SERVICE\_TYPE.fl\_non\_sys\_disb = "Y" for the PAYMENT.cd\_srvc selected.
3. Select (-) payments. Select all **approved** PAYMENT records WHERE  
PAYMENT.cd\_pmnt\_stat <> "C" AND PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng is NOT NULL AND  
PAYMENT.am\_rqst < 0 AND SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <> "3" (i.e., Title IV-E (50/50))  
AND SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <> 4 (code value for 'exclude from claiming') for the  
selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc and PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = "Y" AND there is **no**  
TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER record WHERE TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_prsn =  
PAYMENT.id\_prsn AND TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.cd\_detl = the code value for  
"Reimbursement" and TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_trans < 0 AND perform lookup  
with the selected TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_pmnt to PAYMENT.id\_pmnt and verify  
that no row has the same month as the month of the payment (-). Do not select payments  
where SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_sw\_rpt\_grp = '999'.
4. Select the first PAYMENT record and read PAYMENT.cd\_ffp.
  - 4.1. If PAYMENT.cd\_ffp = "2" (i.e., FFP), then insert two records into  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT table and populate the fields with data as described  
below. A third record will sometimes be inserted if CODE\_DESC.cd\_cdsc\_type = "2"  
(i.e., CCI) = (WHERE CODE\_DESC.id\_grp = "PLCMSTNG" AND  
CODE\_DESC.id\_grpi = PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng.)
    - 4.1.1. **For the first record**, Set PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt =  
PAYMENT.id\_pmnt
    - 4.1.2. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.ts\_cr = Current system date
    - 4.1.3. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_cr = Batch ID

4.1.4. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_reimb\_type = "1" (i.e., Federal) OR "4" (i.e., TANF) if cd\_cdesc\_type = "4" (i.e., Kinship)

4.1.5. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb =

4.1.5.1. If CODE\_DESC.cd\_cdesc\_type <> "2" (i.e., CCI) OR "1" (i.e., Group Home) OR "4" (i.e., Kinship) (WHERE CODE\_DESC.id\_grp = "PLCMSTNG" AND CODE\_DESC.id\_grpi = PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng.

- Then perform lookup with id\_pmnt to PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS and if qt\_elig\_reimb > 0, then divide qt\_elig\_reimb by (qt\_elig\_reimb + qt\_elig\_nonreimb + qt\_inelig + qt\_pending). Store result in WS-PRCT-PYMT. Otherwise, if qt\_federal > 0, then divide qt\_federal by (qt\_federal + qt\_state + qt\_pending). Store result in WS-PRCT-PYMT. (ie only qt\_federal or qt\_elig\_reimb will have a value greater than zero)
- Then Multiply WS-PRCT-PYMT by PAYMENT.am\_nontrust (multiply with PAYMENT.am\_rqst – PAYMENT.am\_admin for (-) payments), and store value in WS-FED-AMT.
- Then access the IVE\_FFP table and Select IVE\_FFP.am\_ffp WHERE IVE\_FFP.ts\_cr is most recent and IVE\_FFP.dt\_eff <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin (this will pick up the most recently entered IV-E FFP percentage that was effective at the time of service begin date). Multiply IVE\_FFP.am\_ffp with WS-FED-AMT.
- Update PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb with the result.

4.1.5.2. If CODE\_DESC.cd\_cdesc\_type = "2" (i.e., CCI) OR "1" (i.e., Group Home) WHERE CODE\_DESC.id\_grp = "PLCMSTNG" AND CODE\_DESC.id\_grpi = PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng,

- Then perform lookup with id\_pmnt to PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS where cd\_stat = 'A' and if qt\_elig\_reimb > 0, then divide qt\_elig\_reimb by (qt\_elig\_reimb + qt\_elig\_nonreimb + qt\_inelig + qt\_pending). Store result in WS-PRCT-PYMT. Otherwise, if qt\_federal > 0, then divide qt\_federal by (qt\_federal + qt\_state + qt\_pending). Store result in WS-PRCT-PYMT. (ie only qt\_federal or qt\_elig\_reimb will have a value greater than zero)
- Then Multiply WS-PRCT-PYMT by PAYMENT.am\_nontrust (multiply with PAYMENT.am\_rqst – PAYMENT.am\_admin for (-) payments), and store value in WS-FED-AMT.
- Then Access the PRVD\_ELIG\_COST table using PAYMENT.cd\_srvc and PAYMENT.id\_prvd\_org. Select PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_maint WHERE PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.ts\_cr is most recent and PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.dt\_eff <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin (this will pick up the most recently entered percentage that was effective at the time of service begin date). If there is no row in the PRVD\_ELIG\_COST table to be selected then use PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_maint as "1." Multiply WS-FED-AMT with PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_maint. Store this amount as WS-maint-Amount.

- Then Access the IVE\_FFP table and Select IVE\_FFP.am\_ffp WHERE IVE\_FFP.ts\_cr is most recent and IVE\_FFP.dt\_eff <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin (this will pick up the most recently entered IVE\_FFP percentage that was effective at the time of service begin date). Multiply IVE\_FFP.am\_ffp with the WS-maint-Amount.
  - Update PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb with the result.
- 4.1.5.3. If CODE\_DESC.cd\_cdesc\_type = “4” (i.e., Kinship) (WHERE CODE\_DESC.id\_grp = “PLCMSTNG” AND CODE\_DESC.id\_grpi = PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng.
- PAYMENT.am\_nontrust (or PAYMENT.am\_rqst – PAYMENT.am\_admin for (-) payments),
  - Update PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb with the result.
- 4.1.6. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix = NULL
- 4.1.7. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_ffp\_pct= Refer to PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb field for the details of the retrieval.
- 4.1.8. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct = NULL.
- 4.1.9. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_maint\_pct = Refer to PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb field for the details of the retrieval.
- 4.1.10. **For the second record**, Set PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt
- 4.1.11. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.ts\_cr = Current system date
- 4.1.12. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_cr = Batch ID
- 4.1.13. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_reimb\_type = “2” (i.e., State).
- 4.1.14. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb = (PAYMENT.am\_nontrust – PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb of the first record inserted) – WS-TITLEXIX-AMT (see calculation below). Set this field to [(PAYMENT.am\_rqst – am\_admin) – PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb of the first record inserted] for (-) payments – WS-TITLEXIX-AMT (see calculation below)
- 4.1.15. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix = NULL
- 4.1.16. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_ffp\_pct= NULL.
- 4.1.17. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct = NULL
- 4.1.18. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_maint\_pct = NULL.
- 4.1.19. **For the third record**, Set PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt
- 4.1.20. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.ts\_cr = Current system date
- 4.1.21. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_cr = Batch ID

4.1.22. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_reimb\_type = “3” (i.e., Title XIX).

4.1.23. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb = null

4.1.24. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix =

4.1.24.1. If CODE\_DESC.cd\_cdsc\_type <> “2” (i.e., CCI) WHERE CODE\_DESC.id\_grp = “PLCMSTNG” AND CODE\_DESC.id\_grpi = PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng, then set to NULL. However, if CODE\_DESC.cd\_cdsc\_type = “2” (i.e., CCI) WHERE CODE\_DESC.id\_grp = “PLCMSTNG” AND CODE\_DESC.id\_grpi = PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng, then access the PRVD\_ELIG\_COST table using PAYMENT.cd\_srvc and PAYMENT.id\_payee. Select PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_titlexix WHERE PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.ts\_cr is most recent and PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.dt\_eff <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin (this will pick up the most recently entered percentage that was effective at the time of service begin date). If there is no row in the PRVD\_ELIG\_COST table to be selected then use PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_titlexix as “0.” Update PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct with the selected PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_titlexix. Multiply PAYMENT.am\_nontrust (multiply with PAYMENT.am\_rqst – PAYMENT.am\_admin for (-) payments) with PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_titlexix\_pct and multiply by IVE\_FFP.am\_ffp. Update PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix and WS-TITLEXIX-AMT with the result

4.1.25. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_ffp\_pct = IVE\_FFP.am\_ffp. Refer to PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb field for the details of the retrieval..

4.1.26. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct = PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_titlexix. Refer to PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix field for the details of the retrieval.

4.1.27. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_maint\_pct = NULL.

4.2. Set PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = “N.”

4.3. If PAYMENT.cd\_ffp = “3” (i.e., Non-FFP), then insert one record into PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT table and populate its fields with data as described below. A second record will sometimes be inserted if CODE\_DESC.cd\_cdsc\_type = “2” (i.e., CCI) = (WHERE CODE\_DESC.id\_grp = “PLCMSTNG” AND CODE\_DESC.id\_grpi = PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng.)

4.3.1. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt

4.3.2. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.ts\_cr = Current system date

4.3.3. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_cr = Batch ID

4.3.4. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_reimb\_type = “2” (i.e., State) OR “4” (i.e., TANF) if cd\_cdsc\_type = “4” (i.e., Kinship)

4.3.5. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb = PAYMENT.am\_nontrust (PAYMENT.am\_rqst – PAYMENT.am\_admin for (-) payments) – WS-TITLEXIX-

AMT (see calculation below)

4.3.6. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix = NULL

4.3.7. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_ffp\_pct= NULL.

4.3.8. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct = NULL

4.3.9. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_maint\_pct = NULL.

4.3.10. **For the second record**, Set PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt =  
PAYMENT.id\_pmnt

4.3.11. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.ts\_cr = Current system date

4.3.12. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_cr = Batch ID

4.3.13. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_reimb\_type = "3" (i.e., Title XIX).

4.3.14. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb = null

4.3.15. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix =

4.3.15.1. If CODE\_DESC.cd\_cdsc\_type <> "2" (i.e., CCI) WHERE  
CODE\_DESC.id\_grp = "PLCMSTNG" AND CODE\_DESC.id\_grpi =  
PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng, then set to NULL. However, if  
CODE\_DESC.cd\_cdsc\_type = "2" (i.e., CCI) WHERE CODE\_DESC.id\_grp  
= "PLCMSTNG" AND CODE\_DESC.id\_grpi = PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng,  
then access the PRVD\_ELIG\_COST table using PAYMENT.cd\_srvc and  
PAYMENT.id\_payee. Select PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_titlexix WHERE  
PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.ts\_cr is most recent and PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.dt\_eff <=  
PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin (this will pick up the most recently entered  
percentage that was effective at the time of service begin date). If there is no  
row in the PRVD\_ELIG\_COST table to be selected then use  
PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_titlexix as "0." Update  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct with the selected  
PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_titlexix. Multiply PAYMENT.am\_nontrust (multiply  
with PAYMENT.am\_rqst – PAYMENT.am\_admin for (-) payments) with  
PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_titlexix\_pct and multiply by IVE\_FFP.am\_ffp.  
Update PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix with the result.

4.3.16. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_ffp\_pct = IVE\_FFP.am\_ffp. Refer to  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb field for the details of the retrieval..

4.3.17. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct =  
PRVD\_ELIG\_COST.am\_titlexix. Refer to  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix field for the details of the retrieval.

4.3.18. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_maint\_pct = NULL.

4.4. Set PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = "N."

4.5. Whenever a PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT record is inserted, set  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_stat = "A." Set the cd\_stat = "I" on all other



PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT records where  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt.

## **Section B**

This section of the program calculates the IV-E eligible portion of payments that are paid based on the “50/50” scheme. These are mostly pre-adoption expenses, where 50% of the cost is paid by Title IV-E funds and the rest is paid by State funds.

1. Select system disbursed (+) payments. Select all PAYMENT records WHERE  
PAYMENT.am\_rqst > 0 AND PAYMENT.cd\_pmnt\_stat <> “C” AND PAYMENT.dt\_chck  
>= From Date input parameter AND SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 = “3” (i.e., Title IV-E  
(50/50)) for the selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc AND SERVICE\_TYPE.fl\_non\_sys\_disb = “N”  
for the selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc AND PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = “Y”.
2. Select non-system disbursed (+) payments. Select all **approved** PAYMENT records  
WHERE PAYMENT.am\_rqst > 0 AND PAYMENT.cd\_pmnt\_stat <> “C” AND  
PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end >= From Date input parameter AND SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12  
= “3” (i.e., Title IV-E (50/50)) for the selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc AND  
SERVICE\_TYPE.fl\_non\_sys\_disb = “Y” for the selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc AND  
PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = “Y”.
  - 2.1. Insert two records in the PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT table. Both records will have  
the same data populated except the PAYMENT.cd\_reimb\_type. The records are  
populated as described below.
    - 2.1.1. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt
    - 2.1.2. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.ts\_cr = Current system date
    - 2.1.3. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_cr = Batch ID
    - 2.1.4. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_reimb\_type = “1” (i.e., Federal) for the first  
record and “2” (i.e., State) for the second record.
    - 2.1.5. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb = (PAYMENT.am\_nontrust / 2)
    - 2.1.6. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix = NULL.
    - 2.1.7. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_ffp\_pct= 0.50 only for the row with  
cd\_reimb\_type = “1” (i.e., Federal)
    - 2.1.8. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct = NULL.
    - 2.1.9. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_maint\_pct = NULL.
  - 2.2. Update the selected PAYMENT record with PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = “N.”
  - 2.3. Whenever a PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT record is inserted, set  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_stat = “A.” Set the cd\_stat = “I” on all other  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT records where  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt.

- 2.4. Continue from (1) until all (+) payments are processed.
3. Select (-) payments. Select all **approved** PAYMENT records WHERE PAYMENT.am\_rqst < 0 AND SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 value for the selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc = "3" (i.e., Title IV-E (50/50)) and PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = "Y" AND there is **no** TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER record WHERE TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_prsn = PAYMENT.id\_prsn AND TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.cd\_detl = the code value for "Reimbursement" and TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_trans < 0 AND perform lookup with the selected TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_pmnt to PAYMENT.id\_pmnt and verify that no row has the same month as the month of the payment (-).
- 3.1. Insert two records in the PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT table. Both records will have the same data populated except the PAYMENT.cd\_reimb\_type. The records are populated as described below.
- 3.1.1. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt
- 3.1.2. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.ts\_cr = Current system date
- 3.1.3. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_cr = Batch ID
- 3.1.4. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_reimb\_type = "1" (i.e., Federal) for the first record and "2" (i.e., State) for the second record.
- 3.1.5. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb = [(PAYMENT.am\_rqst – PAYMENT.am\_admin) / 2]
- 3.1.6. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix = NULL.
- 3.1.7. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_ffp\_pct= 0.50 only for the row with cd\_reimb\_type = "1" (i.e., Federal)
- 3.1.8. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct = NULL.
- 3.1.9. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_maint\_pct = NULL.
- 3.2. Update the selected PAYMENT record with PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = "N."
- 3.3. Whenever a PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT record is inserted, set PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_stat = "A." Set the cd\_stat = "I" on all other PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT records where PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt.
- 3.4. Continue from (3) until all (-) payments are processed.

## **Section C**

This section of the program processes non-placement based payments.

1. Select system disbursed (+) payments. Select all PAYMENT records WHERE PAYMENT.am\_rqst > 0 AND PAYMENT.cd\_pmnt\_stat <> "C" AND PAYMENT.am\_non\_trust > 0 AND PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng is NULL AND PAYMENT.dt\_chk >= From Date input parameter AND SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <>

“3” (i.e., Title IV-E (50/50)) for the selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc AND SERVICE\_TYPE.fl\_non\_sys\_disb = “N” for the selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc AND PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = “Y”.

2. Select non-system disbursed (+) payments. Select all **approved** PAYMENT records WHERE PAYMENT.am\_rqst > 0 AND PAYMENT.cd\_pmnt\_stat <> “C” AND PAYMENT.am\_non\_trust > 0 AND PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_end >= From Date input parameter AND PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng is NULL AND SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 <> “3” (i.e., Title IV-E (50/50)) for the selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc AND SERVICE\_TYPE.fl\_non\_sys\_disb = “Y” for the selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc AND PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = “Y”.
3. Select (-) payments. Select all **approved** PAYMENT records WHERE PAYMENT.am\_rqst < 0 AND SERVICE\_TYPE.cd\_ive\_12 value <> “3” (i.e., Title IV-E (50/50)) for the selected PAYMENT.cd\_srvc and PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = “Y” AND PAYMENT.cd\_plcm\_setng is NULL AND there is **no** TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER record WHERE TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_prsn = PAYMENT.id\_prsn AND TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.cd\_detl = the code value for “Reimbursement” and TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.am\_trans < 0 AND perform lookup with TRUST\_ACCOUNT\_LEDGER.id\_pmnt to PAYMENT.id\_pmnt and verify that no row has the same month as the month of the payment (-).
4. Select the first PAYMENT record, IF PAYMENT.cd\_ffp = “2” (i.e., Federal), then Insert two records in the PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT table. If PAYMENT.cd\_ffp = “3”, Insert one record in the PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT table and continue from (4.5).
  - 4.1. The **first PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT record** is populated as described below.
    - 4.1.1. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt
    - 4.1.2. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.ts\_cr = Current system date
    - 4.1.3. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_cr = Batch ID.
    - 4.1.4. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_reimb\_type = “1” (i.e., Federal)
    - 4.1.5. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb =
      - Then perform lookup with id\_pmnt to PAYMENT\_ELIG\_DAYS where cd\_stat = ‘A’ and if qt\_elig\_reimb > 0, then divide qt\_elig\_reimb by (qt\_elig\_reimb + qt\_elig\_nonreimb + qt\_inelig + qt\_pending). Store result in WS-PRCT-PYMT. Otherwise, if qt\_federal > 0, then divide qt\_federal by (qt\_federal + qt\_state + qt\_pending). Store result in WS-PRCT-PYMT. (ie only qt\_federal or qt\_elig\_nonreimb will have a value greater than zero)
      - Then Multiply WS-PRCT-PYMT by PAYMENT.am\_nontrust (multiply with PAYMENT.am\_rqst – PAYMENT.am\_admin for (-) payments), and store value in WS-FED-AMT.
      - Access the IVE\_FFP table and Select IVE\_FFP.am\_ffp WHERE IVE\_FFP.ts\_cr is most recent and IVE\_FFP.dt\_eff <= PAYMENT.dt\_pmnt\_begin (this will pick up the most recently entered IV-E FFP percentage that was effective at the

time of service begin date).

- Multiply IVE\_FFP.am\_ffp with WS-FED-AMT.
- Update PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb with the result

4.1.6. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix = NULL.

4.1.7. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_ffp\_pct= Refer to  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb field for the details of the retrieval.

4.1.8. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct = NULL.

4.1.9. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_maint\_pct = NULL.

4.2. The **second PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT record** is populated as described below.

4.2.1. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt

4.2.2. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.ts\_cr = Current system date

4.2.3. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_cr = Batch ID.

4.2.4. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_reimb\_type = "2" (i.e., State)

4.2.5. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb = (PAYMENT.am\_nontrust –  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb of the first record inserted). Set this  
field to [(PAYMENT.am\_rqst – am\_admin) – PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT of  
the first record inserted] for (-) payments.

4.2.6. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix = NULL.

4.2.7. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_ffp\_pct= NULL.

4.2.8. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct = NULL.

4.2.9. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_maint\_pct = NULL.

4.3. Update the selected PAYMENT record with PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = "N."

4.4. Continue from (4) until all payments are processed.

4.5. The PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT record is populated as described below.

4.5.1. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt

4.5.2. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.ts\_cr = Current system date

4.5.3. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_cr = Batch ID.

4.5.4. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_reimb\_type = "2" (i.e., State)

4.5.5. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_reimb = PAYMENT.am\_nontrust  
((PAYMENT.am\_rqst – PAYMENT.am\_admin for (-) payments)

4.5.6. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix = NULL.

4.5.7. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_ffp\_pct= NULL.

- 4.5.8. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_titlexix\_pct = NULL.
- 4.5.9. PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.am\_maint\_pct = NULL.
- 4.6. Update the selected PAYMENT record with PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = "N."
- 4.7. Whenever a PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT record is inserted, set  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.cd\_stat = "A." Set the cd\_stat = "I" on all other  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT records where  
PAYMENT\_REIMBURSEMENT.id\_pmnt = PAYMENT.id\_pmnt.
- 4.8. Continue from (4).

#### **Section D (Retroactive run)**

This section of the program re-calculates the Title IV-E eligible percentages if (1) the FFP percentage changes retroactively and/or (2) the provider's eligible cost percentages change retroactively. To do this, the batch program reads ONLINE\_TRIGGER table and selects those records where ONLINE\_TRIGGER.cd\_txn = 50 and those record WHERE ONLINE\_TRIGGER.cd\_txn = 51.

The batch program processes all the selected triggers as described below.

##### **Processing for ONLINE\_TRIGGER.cd\_txn = 50**

Select all PAYMENT records where PAYMENT.dt\_bgn >= ONLINE\_TRIGGER.ts\_efct\_frm.  
UPDATE PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = "Y" AND continue from Section A of this batch program.  
Delete the ONLINE\_TRIGGER record processed.

##### **Processing for ONLINE\_TRIGGER.cd\_txn = 51**

Select all PAYMENT records where PAYMENT.dt\_bgn >= ONLINE\_TRIGGER.ts\_efct\_frm  
AND PAYMENT.id\_payee = ONLINE\_TRIGGER.id\_trigger1 AND PAYMENT.cd\_srvc =  
ONLINE\_TRIGGER.id\_trigger2. UPDATE PAYMENT.fl\_ive\_calc = "Y" AND continue from  
Section A of this batch program. . Delete the ONLINE\_TRIGGER record processed.

#### **1.4.4. Calculate Eligibility-Based Days of Care Batch Program**

**Program Name:** b-fm04a11-calc-days-of-care

**Process Summary:** The 'Calculate Eligibility-Based Days of Care' batch program divides the children's placements and gaps in placement, which fall within an eligibility episode, into monthly periods. For every period, the program inserts a row into the new 'Days\_of\_Care\_Period' table. It uses logic similar to that used by the 'Identify FFP/Non-FFP Payments' batch program to calculate the number of days earmarked for a particular eligibility status and stores them in Qt\_elig\_reimb, Qt\_inelig, Qt\_elig\_nonreimb, Qt\_elig\_ssi and Qt\_pending. Id\_epsd links the placement period to the placement record in WiSACWIS. Id\_elig links the placement and gap periods to the child's eligibility record. Dt\_begin and dt\_end are always in the same month. Cd\_stat has two possible values, 'A' for Active and 'I' for Inactive. For placement periods, cd\_cnty is derived from the county associated with the placement (Episode.cd\_cnty). For gap periods, cd\_cnty is derived from the county of the child's last placement in that case. Fl\_last is used by the batch program to designate the last processed period in an open placement or gap in placement.

Every month, the program re-calculates the days of care for eligibility records that were affected by certain online events such as the completion of an eligibility determination and backdating the ending of a placement (Section A). In addition, the program adds a new placement or gap period for WiSACWIS current open eligibility records. (Section B).

On a monthly basis, the 'Eligibility-Based Days of Care' report will provide the users with counts of days of care. For details, refer to the 'Eligibility-Based Days of Care' report design document.

Finally, the 'Eligibility-Based Days of Care' page will be available to view the 'Days\_of\_Care\_Period' records (both active and inactive) and to download those records into a spreadsheet for further analysis. For details, refer to the 'Eligibility-Based Days of Care' developer's guide.

**Frequency:** Monthly with MF3..

**Dependencies:** None.

**Input Parameters:** Batch Program Number, Month Processed

**Input Files:** fm04a11-b-parm

**Output Files:** Fm04a11-b-{date time}.LOG

<b>Database Tables:</b>	Days_of_Care_Period	CRU
	Eligibility	R
	Elig_Redet	R
	Episode	R
	Online_Trigger	RU

**Process Description:**

**Section A:**

- Select all the rows in the Online\_Trigger table with Online\_Trigger.cd\_txn= 7000 and Online\_Trigger.dt\_batch\_prcs= Null,
  - If there is a row with Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger= Null, write to the error log (Missing eligibility id in trigger record- Trigger ID= 'id\_online\_trigger') and skip this Online\_Trigger row.
  - If Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger1 is Null, write to the error log (Missing case id in trigger record- Trigger ID= 'id\_online\_trigger') and skip this Online\_Trigger row.
  - If Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger2 is Null, write to the error log (Missing person id in trigger record- Trigger ID= 'id\_online\_trigger') and skip this Online\_Trigger row.
  - If there is a row with Online\_Trigger.ts\_efct\_frm = Null, write to the error log (Missing effective date in trigger record- Trigger ID= 'id\_online\_trigger') and skip this Online\_Trigger row.
  - If there is more than one row with the same value in Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger- for each of the rows- write to the error log (Multiple trigger records with the same eligibility id- Trigger ID= 'Online\_Trigger.id\_online\_trigger', Eligibility ID= 'Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger') and skip these Online\_Trigger rows.
- Select Days\_of\_Care\_Period row where  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_elig= Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_case= Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger1 and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_prsn= Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger2 and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.cd\_stat = 'A' and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.fl\_last='Y' and

Days\_of\_Care\_Period.dt\_end is prior to the month entered on the parameter file.

If there is more than one row which meet the criteria above and have the same value in Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_elig, write to the error log (Multiple last period records with the same eligibility id– PERIOD ID= 'Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_period', Eligibility ID= 'Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_elig') and skip this Online\_Trigger row.

### **Section B:**

- Select all the rows in the Days\_of\_care\_Period table with Days\_of\_Care\_Period.fl\_last='Y' and Days\_of\_Care\_Period.cd\_stat = 'A' and dt\_end is prior to the month entered on the parameter file:
  - If there is more than one row which meet the criteria above and have the same value in Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_elig, write to the error log (Multiple last period records with the same eligibility id– PERIOD ID= 'Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_period', Eligibility ID= 'Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_elig') and skip these Days\_of\_Care\_Period rows.

#### **Step 1: Determine the eligibility id:**

- When processing Online\_Trigger rows:
  - Set ELIGIBILITY ID to Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger
  - If Eligibility.fl\_void= 'Y' or Eligibility.fl\_deter\_na= 'Y' where Eligibility.id\_elig= ELIGIBILITY ID, go to Step 7.
- When processing current placements and gaps:
  - Set ELIGIBILITY ID to Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_elig
  - If Eligibility.fl\_void= 'N' or Eligibility.fl\_deter\_na= 'Y' where Eligibility.id\_elig= ELIGIBILITY ID, then go to Step 7.

#### **Step 2: Determine the case id:**

- When processing Online\_Trigger rows:
  - Set CASE ID to Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger1
- When processing current placements and gaps:
  - Set CASE ID to Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_case

#### **Step 3: Determine the person id:**

- When processing Online\_Trigger rows:



- Set PERSON ID to Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger2
- When processing current placements and gaps:
  - Set PERSON ID to Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_prsn

Step 4: Determine the start date:

- When processing Online\_Trigger rows:
  - Select Days\_of\_Care\_Period row where  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_elig= Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_case= Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger1 and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_prsn= Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger2 and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.cd\_stat = 'A' and  
Max(Days\_of\_Care\_Period.dt\_end)
  - If there is only one row selected, which meets this criteria,
    - Set START DATE to one day after Days\_of\_Care\_Period.dt\_end
    - Set Days\_of\_Care.fl\_last= 'N', Select Days\_of\_Care\_Period row where  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_elig= Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_case= Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger1 and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_prsn= Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger2 and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.cd\_stat = 'A' and  
Max(Days\_of\_Care\_Period.dt\_end)
  - If no row is found in the Days of Care Period that meets the criteria above:
    - Set START DATE to Online\_Trigger.ts\_efct\_frm, if  
(Eligibility.fl\_cmplt= 'N' and  
Eligibility.dt\_bgn <= Online\_Trigger.ts\_efct\_frm) OR  
(Eligibility.fl\_cmplt= 'Y' and Eligibility.dt\_eff <= Online\_Trigger.ts\_efct\_frm),  
where Eligibility.id\_elig=Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger.
    - Otherwise, set START DATE to Eligibility.dt\_bgn if Eligibility.fl\_cmplt= 'N'. Set  
START DATE to Eligibility.dt\_eff if Eligibility.fl\_cmplt= 'Y'.
- When processing current placements and gaps:

- Set START DATE to one day after Days\_of\_Care\_Period.dt\_end.
  - Set Days\_of\_Care.fl\_last= 'N', Select Days\_of\_Care\_Period row where  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_elig= Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_case= Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger1 and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.id\_prsn= Online\_Trigger.id\_trigger2 and  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.cd\_stat = 'A' and  
Max(Days\_of\_Care\_Period.dt\_end)

Step 5: Determine the end date:

- CLOSED ELIGIBILITY = Y
- If Eligibility.dt\_end is not null where Eligibility.id\_elig = ELIGIBILITY ID
  - If Eligibility.dt\_end <= last day of the month entered on the parameter file, set END DATE to Eligibility.dt\_end
  - If Eligibility.dt\_end > last day of the month entered on the parameter file, set END DATE to the last day of the month entered on the parameter file and set CLOSED ELIGIBILITY = N
- Else, if Elig\_Redet.dt\_end is not null where Elig\_Redet.id\_elig = ELIGIBILITY ID
  - If Elig\_Redet.dt\_end <= last day of the month entered on the parameter file, set END DATE to Elig\_Redet.dt\_end
  - If Elig\_Redet.dt\_end > last day of the month entered on the parameter file, set END DATE to the last day of the month entered on the parameter file and set CLOSED ELIGIBILITY = N
- Else, if Elig\_Redet.dt\_end is null where Elig\_Redet.id\_elig = ELIGIBILITY ID
  - Set END DATE to the last day of the month entered on the parameter file and set CLOSED ELIGIBILITY = N.

Step 5.5: Validate Dates

- If START DATE > END DATE- eligibility has ended or bad data:
  - If CLOSED ELIGIBILITY, go to Step 7.

- If not CLOSED ELIGIBILITY, write to the error log (Invalid eligibility period start and end dates- Eligibility ID = 'ELIGIBILITY ID') and skip the next steps.

Step 6: Process Days of Care Periods:

- Set MONTH PROCESSED to Month( START DATE).
- Set FIRST PERIOD = 'Y'
- Set LAST PERIOD = 'N'
- While not LAST PERIOD do steps 6.1 through 6.4 below:

Step 6.1: Determine the period start and end date:

- Set PERIOD START DATE to START DATE, if FIRST PERIOD.
- Otherwise, Set PERIOD START DATE to one day after the PERIOD END DATE of the last period processed.
- Set FIRST PERIOD to 'N'.
- Use ID CASE and ID PERSON to retrieve the child's placement in which the PERIOD START DATE falls. Select Episode where Episode.id\_case= CASE ID and Episode.id\_prsn = PERSON ID and (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 1 (OOH) or (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 2 (IH)and Service\_Type.cd\_srvc\_ctgry= 503 (AAFC Adoption) where Episode.cd\_srvc = Service\_Type.cd\_srvc) and Episode.end\_reason <> code value for 'Placement Made in Error' and Episode.dt\_begin <= PERIOD START DATE and (Episode.dt\_end is null or Episode.dt\_end >= PERIOD START DATE) and there is a final approval row for this placement.
  - I. If no valid placement is retrieved (i.e. the period starts with a gap in placement)
    - Set EPISODE ID to null
  - 1. If last day in MONTH PROCESSED >= END DATE
    - A. If there are no placement records retrieved where Episode.id\_case= CASE ID and Episode.id\_prsn = PERSON ID and (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 1 (OOH) or (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 2 (IH)and Service\_Type.cd\_srvc\_ctgry= 503 (AAFC Adoption) where Episode.cd\_srvc = Service\_Type.cd\_srvc) and Episode.end\_reason <> code value for 'Placement Made in Error' and Episode.dt\_begin > PERIOD START DATE and Episode.dt\_begin <= END DATE )- this gap in placement is the last period to process
      - Set PERIOD END DATE to END DATE

- Set LAST PERIOD to 'Y'

B. If there is at least one placement record retrieved where Episode.id\_case= CASE ID and Episode.id\_prsn = PERSON ID and (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 1 (OOH) or (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 2 (IH)and Service\_Type.cd\_srvc\_ctgry= 503 (AAFC Adoption) where Episode.cd\_srvc = Service\_Type.cd\_srvc) and Episode.end\_reason <> code value for 'Placement Made in Error' and Episode.dt\_begin > PERIOD START DATE and Episode.dt\_begin <= END DATE) and there is a final approval row for this placement- this gap in placement is not the last period to process

- Set PERIOD END DATE to one day prior to the earliest Episode.dt\_begin of those placements.

2. If last day in MONTH PROCESSED < END DATE

A. If there are no placement records retrieved where Episode.id\_case= CASE ID and Episode.id\_prsn = PERSON ID and (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 1 (OOH) or (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 2 (IH)and Service\_Type.cd\_srvc\_ctgry= 503 (AAFC Adoption) where Episode.cd\_srvc = Service\_Type.cd\_srvc) and Episode.end\_reason <> code value for 'Placement Made in Error' and Episode.dt\_begin > PERIOD START DATE and Episode.dt\_begin <= last day in MONTH PROCESSED) and there is a final approval row for this placement- this gap in placement is the last period in the processed month

- Set PERIOD END DATE to last day in MONTH PROCESSED.
- Increase MONTH PROCESSED by one month

B. If there is at least one placement record retrieved where Episode.id\_case= CASE ID and Episode.id\_prsn = PERSON ID and (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 1 (OOH) or (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 2 (IH)and Service\_Type.cd\_srvc\_ctgry= 503 (AAFC Adoption) where Episode.cd\_srvc = Service\_Type.cd\_srvc) and Episode.end\_reason <> code value for 'Placement Made in Error' and Episode.dt\_begin > PERIOD START DATE and Episode.dt\_begin <= last day in MONTH PROCESSED) and there is a final approval row for this placement- this gap in placement is NOT the last period in the month processed

- Set PERIOD END DATE to one day prior to the earliest Episode.dt\_begin of those placements.

II. If one placement is retrieved (i.e. the period starts with a placement)

- Set EPISODE ID to Episode.id\_epsd

1. If last day in MONTH PROCESSED >= END DATE

- A. If Episode.dt\_end >= END DATE or Episode.dt\_end is Null
    - Set PERIOD END DATE to END DATE
    - Set LAST PERIOD to 'Y'
  - B. If Episode.dt\_end < END DATE
    - Set PERIOD END DATE to Episode.dt\_end
2. If last day in MONTH PROCESSED < END DATE
- A. If Episode.dt\_end >= last day in MONTH PROCESSED or Episode.dt\_end is Null
    - Set PERIOD END DATE to last day in MONTH PROCESSED.
    - Increase MONTH PROCESSED by one month
  - B. If Episode.dt\_end < last day in MONTH PROCESSED
    - Set PERIOD END DATE to Episode.dt\_end

III. If more than one placement is retrieved (i.e. overlapping placements), write to the error log (Overlapping placements- Eligibility ID = 'ELIGIBILITY ID') and skip the next steps.

Step 6.2: Determine the number of days within each eligibility status:

- If Eligibility.fl\_cmplt = 'N' where Eligibility.id\_elig = ELIGIBILITY ID, then:
  - Set ER DAYS to 0
  - Set ENR DAYS to 0
  - Set IE DAYS to 0
  - Set SSI DAYS to 0
  - Set PENDING DAYS to 'PERIOD END DATE minus PERIOD START DATE +1'
  - Go to Step 6.3.
- Else, if Eligibility.fl\_cmplt = 'Y' where Eligibility.id\_elig = ELIGIBILITY ID, then:
  - Go to Step 6.2.1.

Step 6.2.1:

- Select the Eligibility records where Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) <= PERIOD START DATE and Eligibility.dt\_cmplt (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_cmplt) is most recent and Eligibility.id\_elig = ELIGIBILITY ID. Store dt\_eff, cd\_stat and cd\_ssi\_status in a temporary table.
- Continue to execute the following routine while Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) of the processed Eligibility record <= PERIOD END DATE. Once all Eligibility records are processed for this period, continue with Step 6.2.3.
  - Select the next Eligibility record and store Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff), Eligibility.cd\_stat (or Elig\_Redet.cd\_stat) and Eligibility.cd\_ssi\_status (or Elig\_Redet.cd\_ssi\_status) in the same temporary table ONLY if satisfies all the criteria listed below. If it fails at least one criterion, then do not store the Eligibility record information and continue to process the next Eligibility record.
    - Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) of the most recently stored Eligibility record < ELIGIBILITY.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) of the currently processed Eligibility record <= PERIOD END DATE **AND**
    - Eligibility.dt\_cmplt (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_cmplt) of the currently processed Eligibility record > Eligibility.dt\_cmplt (or ELIG\_REDET.dt\_cmplt) of the most recently stored Eligibility record.
- If there is NO Eligibility row where eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) <= PERIOD START DATE, but there is at least one Eligibility row where Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) <= PERIOD END DATE, then continue with 6.2.2.

Step 6.2.2

- Since there are NO eligibility records that have Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) <= PERIOD START DATE, the portion of the period that falls from PERIOD START DATE to Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) of the first available Eligibility record will be assumed as being “Pending.” Therefore, store PERIOD START DATE and cd\_stat = “4” (i.e., Pending) at a temporary table.
- Select the Eligibility record where Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) is least recent and Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) <= PERIOD END DATE. If there are more than one ELIGIBILITY or ELIG\_REDET records with the same dt\_eff, then select the record with the most recent Eligibility.dt\_cmplt (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_cmplt).
- Continue to execute the following routine while Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) (of the processed Eligibility record) <= PERIOD END DATE. Once all Eligibility rows are processed for this period, continue with Step 6.2.3.
  - Select the next Eligibility record and store Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) and ELIGIBILITY.cd\_stat (or ELIG\_REDET.cd\_stat) and Eligibility.cd\_ssi\_status (or Elig\_Redet.cd\_ssi\_status) in the same temporary table ONLY if is satisfies all the criteria listed below. If it fails at least one criterion, then do not store the Eligibility

record information and continue to process the next Eligibility record.

- Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) of the most recently stored Eligibility record < Eligibility.dt\_eff (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_eff) of the currently processed Eligibility record <= PERIOD END DATE AND
- Eligibility.dt\_cmplt (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_cmplt) of the currently processed Eligibility record > Eligibility.dt\_cmplt (or Elig\_Redet.dt\_cmplt) of the most recently stored Eligibility record.

### Step 6.2.3

- Once steps 6.2.1 and 6.2.2 are executed, the result set should be stored in a temporary table with three columns. The first column stores the effective dates, the second column stores the 'eligibility and reimbursability' status of the child as of that date, and the third column stores the SSI status (for administrative claiming purposes) as of that date.
- Based on the way steps 6.2.1 and 6.2.2 are executed, the effective dates should be sorted by a chronological order. The following example shows a possible result set for a period with PERIOD START DATE = 03/01/2000 and PERIOD END DATE = 03/31/2000.

Effective Date	Eligibility Status	SSI Status
03/01/2000	1 (i.e., Eligible and Reimbursable)	N
03/15/2000	3 (i.e., Eligible but Non-reimbursable)	Y
03/20/2000	1 (i.e., Eligible and Reimbursable)	N
03/26/2000	3 (i.e., Eligible but Non-reimbursable)	N

- The child with the above result set will have the following statuses on the Days\_of\_Care\_Period table:

Effective Dates	Eligibility Status
PERIOD START DATE – 03/15/2000	1 (i.e., Eligible and Reimbursable)
03/15/2000 – 03/20/2000	5 (i.e., Eligible and Receiving SSI) - Note that the status has changed from 3 to 5 because of SSI.

03/20/2000 – 3/26/2000	1 (i.e., Eligible and Reimbursable)
03/26/2000 – PERIOD END DATE and add one day	3 (i.e., Eligible but Non-reimbursable. Not receiving SSI)

- If only one row is selected from the Eligibility (or Elig\_Redet) table then the calculation will be PERIOD END DATE – PERIOD START DATE + 1
- When calculating the “Eligible and Reimbursable”, “Eligible but Non-reimbursable”, “Ineligible”, ‘Eligible and Receiving SSI’ and “Pending” portions of a period, the number of days that the child spent with these statuses are calculated. If we use the above example, then the following table depicts the number of days for the child in each status.

Status	Number of Days
Eligible and Reimbursable	20
Eligible but Non-reimbursable (Not Receiving SSI).	5
Eligible but Receiving SSI	6

- Set ER DAYS to the number of days with cd\_stat = “1.”
- Set ENR DAYS to the number of days with cd\_stat = “2.”
- Set IE DAYS to the number of days with cd\_stat = “3.”
- Set SSI DAYS to the number of days with cd\_stat = “5.”
- Set PENDING DAYS to the number of days with cd\_stat = “4.”

#### Step 6.3: Determine the county code:

- If EPISODE ID is not null (i.e. placement period)
  - Set COUNTY CODE to Episode.cd\_cnty where Episode.id\_epsd= EPISODE ID
- If EPISODE ID is null (i.e. gap in placement period)
  - Set COUNTY CODE to Episode.cd\_cnty where Episode.id\_prsn = PERSON ID and Episode.id\_case= CASE ID and Episode.dt\_end < PERIOD START DATE and max(Episode.dt\_end) and (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 1 (OOH) or (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 2 (IH)and Service\_Type.cd\_srvc\_ctgry= 503 (AAFC Adoption) where Episode.cd\_srvc = Service\_Type.cd\_srvc) and Episode.end\_reason <> code value for ‘Placement Made in



Error' and there is an final approval row for this placement- child's last placement prior to the start of the gap in placement.

- If more than one placement is retrieved (i.e. overlapping placements), write to the error log (Overlapping placements- Eligibility ID = 'ELIGIBILITY ID') and skip the next steps.
- If there is no placement found that meets this criteria, set COUNTY CODE to Episode.cd\_cnty where Episode.id\_prsn = PERSON ID and Episode.id\_case= CASE ID and Episode.dt\_begin > PERIOD END DATE and min(Episode.dt\_begin) and (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 1 (OOH) or (Episode.cd\_epsd\_type= 2 (IH)and Service\_Type.cd\_srvc\_ctgry= 503 (AAFC Adoption) where Episode.cd\_srvc = Service\_Type.cd\_srvc) and Episode.end\_reason <> code value for 'Placement Made in Error' and there is an final approval row for this placement- child's earliest placement after the end of the gap in placement..
- If more than one placement is retrieved (i.e. overlapping placements), write to the error log (Overlapping placements- Eligibility ID = 'ELIGIBILITY ID') and skip the next steps.
- If there is no placement found that meets this criteria, write to the error log (No valid placement exists- Eligibility ID = 'ELIGIBILITY ID') and skip the next steps.

Step 6.4: Insert a row into the Days of Care Period:

Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Id\_period= Unique table ID  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Id\_elig= ELIGIBILITY ID  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Id\_epsd= EPISODE ID  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Id\_case= CASE ID  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Id\_prsn= PERSON ID  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Dt\_begin= PERIOD START  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Dt\_end= PERIOD END  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Qt\_elig\_reimb= ER DAYS  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Qt\_inelig=IE DAYS  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Qt\_elig\_nonreimb= ENR DAYS  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Qt\_elig\_ssi= SSI DAYS  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Qt\_pending= PENDING DAYS  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Cd\_stat= 'A'  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Fl\_last= LAST PERIOD  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Cd\_cnty= COUNTY CODE  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Ts\_cr= current system date and time  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Id\_cr= Batch ID  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Ts\_up= current system date and time  
Days\_of\_Care\_Period.Id\_up= Batch ID

Step 7:

- When processing Online\_Trigger rows:
  - Set Online\_Trigger.dt\_batch\_prcs = current system date and time.

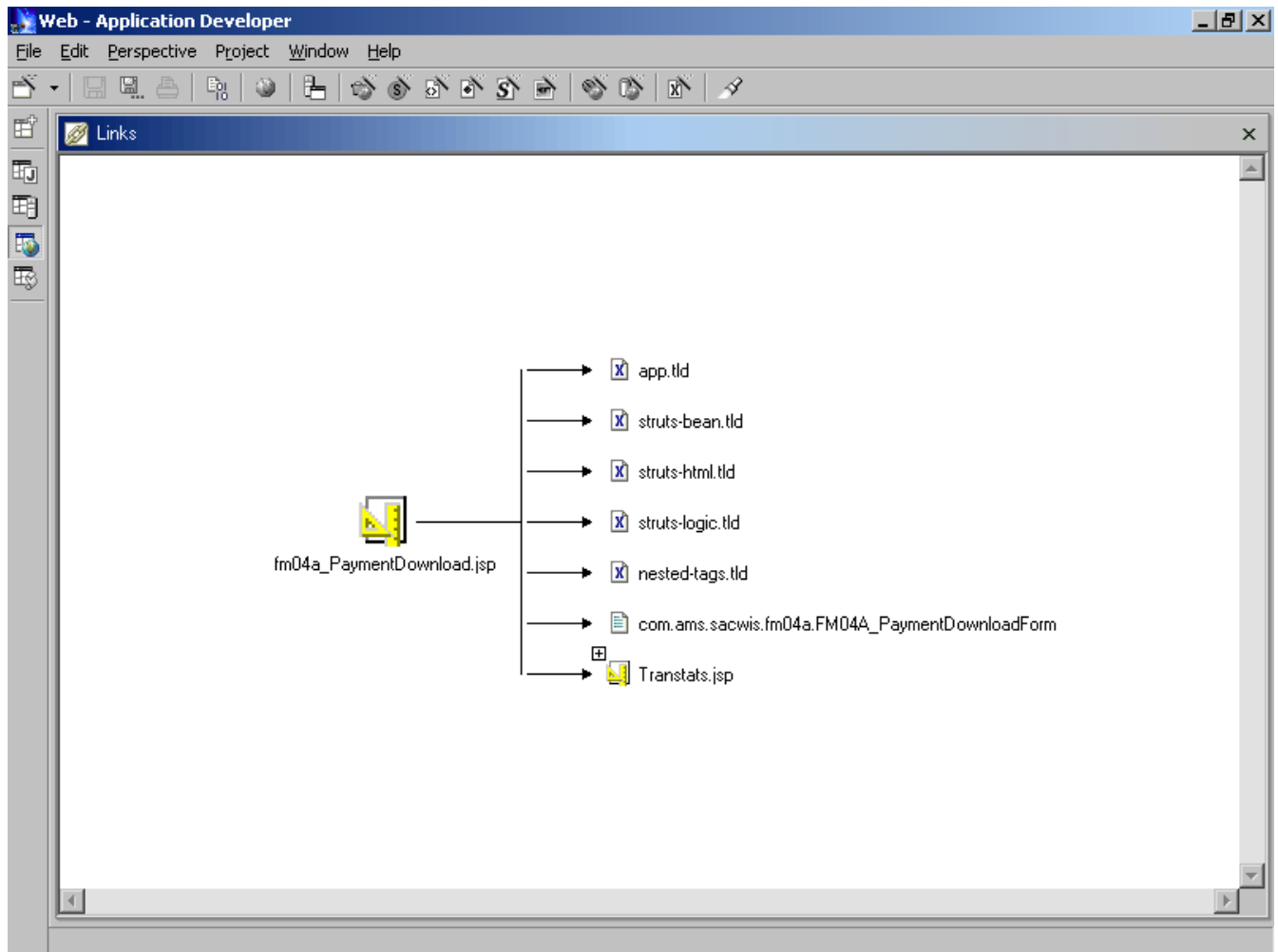
## **1.5. Online Components**

### **1.5.1. User Interface Components**

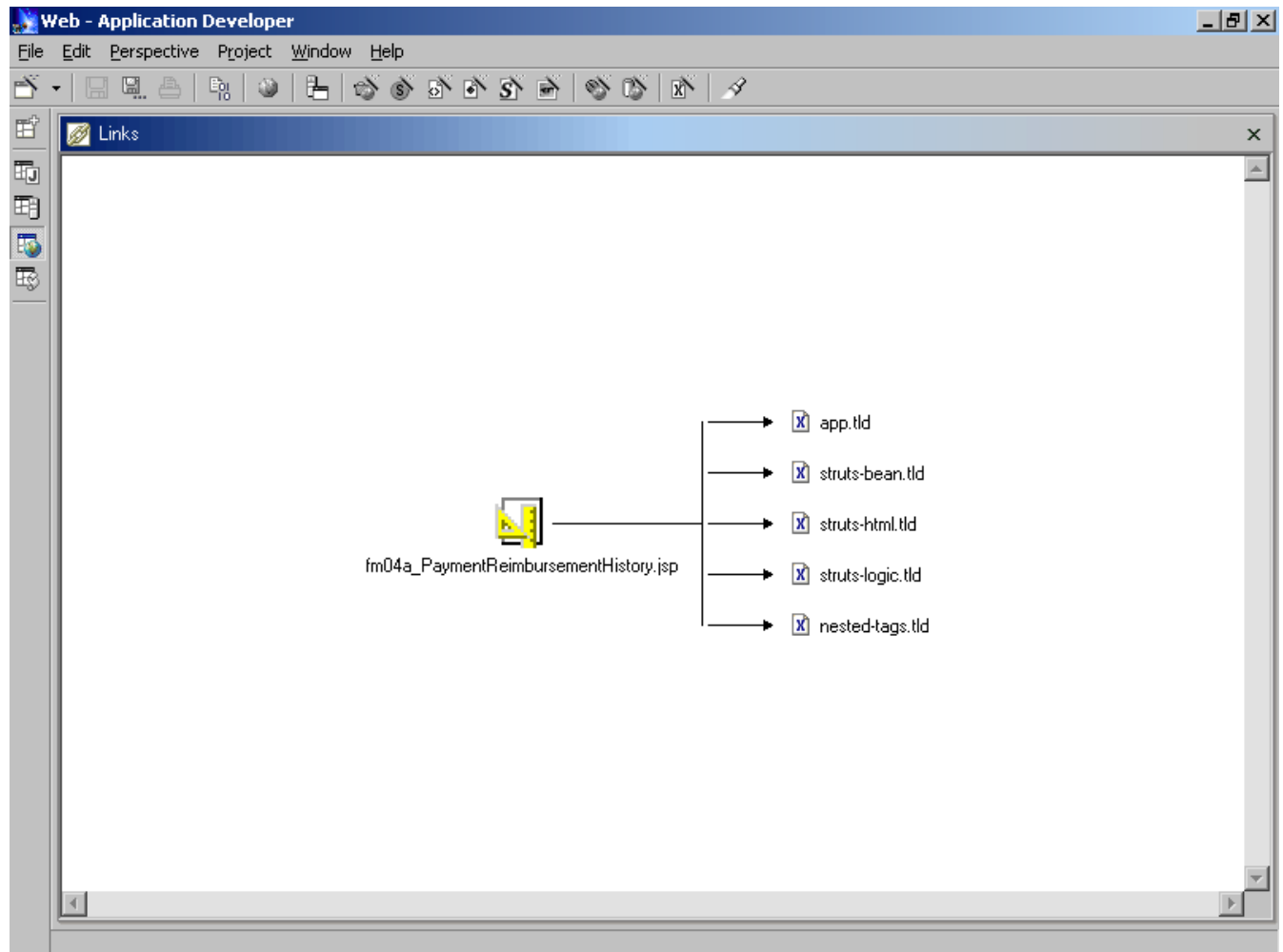
There are two JSPs for the FM04a topic, fm04a\_PaymentDownload.jsp and fm04a\_PaymentReimbursementHistory.jsp. Each has a corresponding JavaScript file.

Below are the Link diagrams of these pages.

#### **fm04a\_PaymentDownload.jsp**



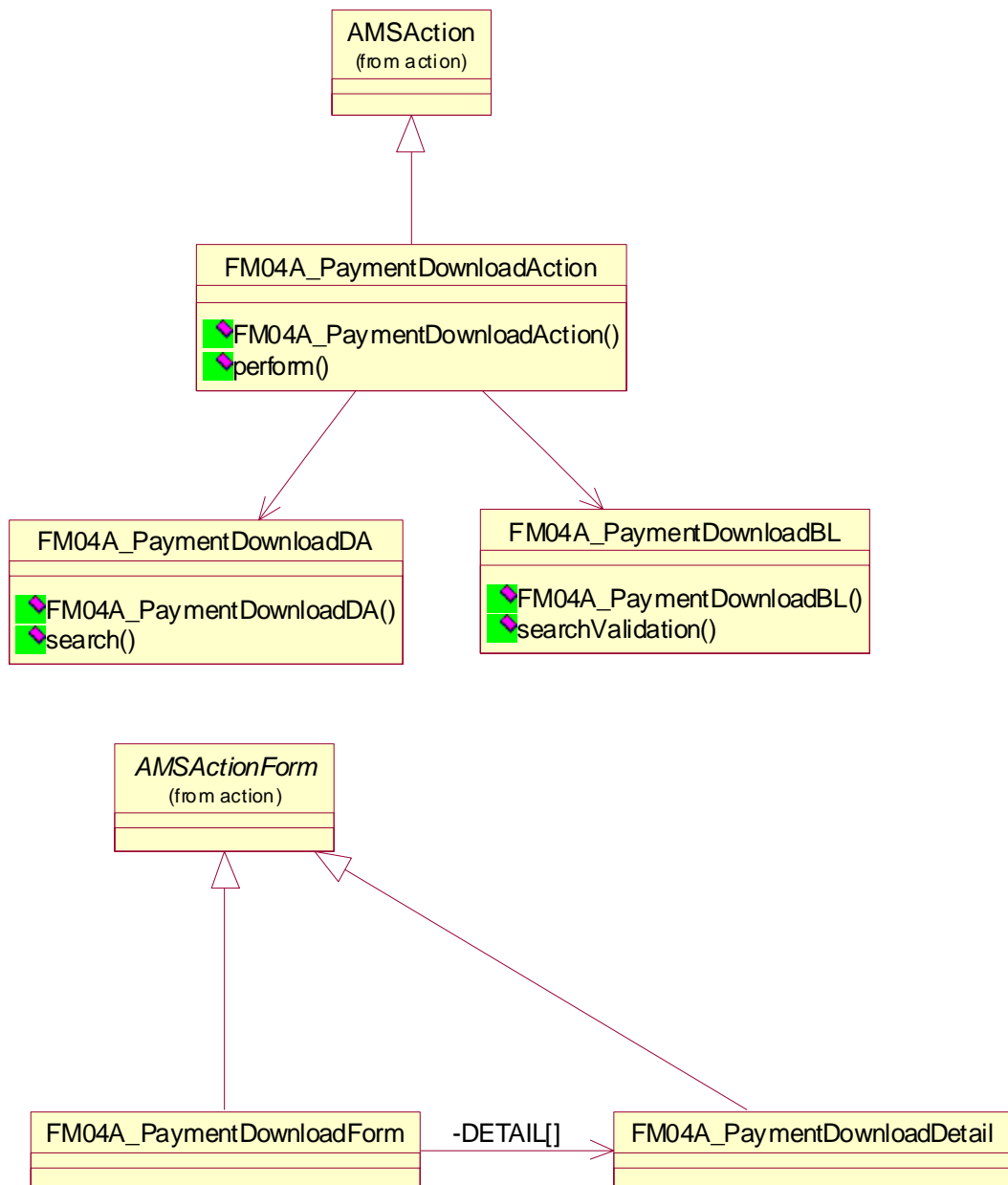
## **fm04a\_PaymentReimbursementHistory.jsp**



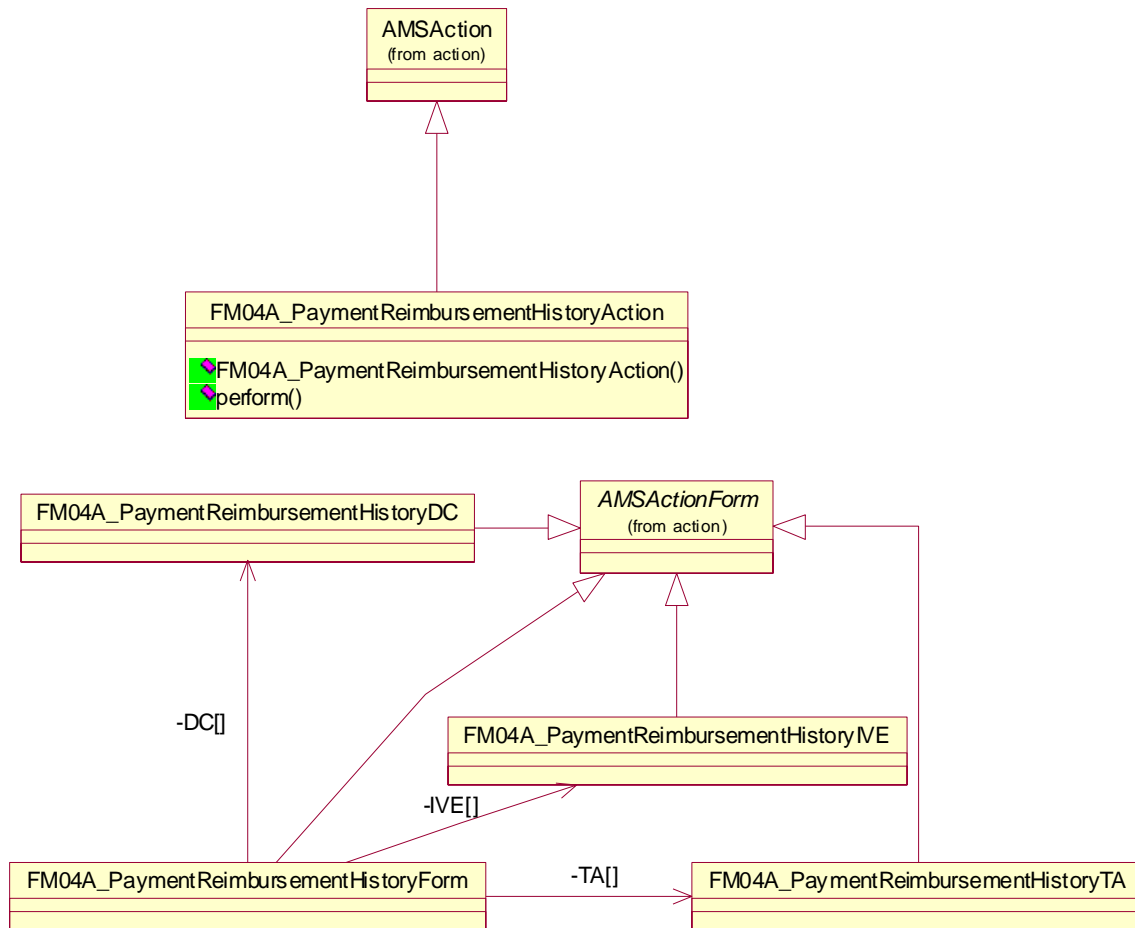
### 1.5.2. Java Components

Below are the Class diagrams for the FM04a topic. There are two distinct “families”. One that services all the Payment download transactions and another that services all the Payment Reimbursement History transactions.

Main Classes involved in Payment Download transactions.



Main Classes involved in Payment Reimbursement History transactions.



Below is a brief description of each of the Java Classes:

Type	Name	Comment
Action Class	FM04A_PaymentDownloadAction	Standard Action Class.
Data Access	FM04A_PaymentDownloadDA	Standard Data Access Class.
Business Logic	FM04A_PaymentDownloadBL	Standard Business Logic Class contains logic to validate the payment search.
Form	FM04A_PaymentDownloadForm	Aggregate Data container for Payment Download information.
Form	FM04A_PaymentDownloadFormDetail	Sub form of Payment Download Form. Data container for Payment Download Detail information
Action Class	FM04A_PaymentReimbursementHistoryAction	Standard Action Class.
Data Access	FM04A_PaymentReimbursementHistoryDA	Standard Data Access Class.
Form	FM04A_PaymentReimbursementHistoryForm	Aggregate Data container for Payment Reimbursement History information.
Form	FM04A_PaymentReimbursementHistoryDC	Sub form of Payment Reimbursement History Form. Data container for Payment Reimbursement History DC information
Form	FM04A_PaymentReimbursementHistoryIVE	Sub form of Payment Reimbursement History Form. Data container for Payment Reimbursement History IVE information
Form	FM04A_PaymentReimbursementHistoryTA	Sub form of Payment Reimbursement History Form. Data container for Payment Reimbursement History TA information